28rd Year. No. 8.

WILLIAM BOOTH

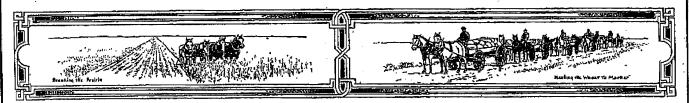
TORONTO, NOVEMBER 24, 1906.

邓AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE OF THE SALVATION ARMY IN CANADA SNEWFOUNDLAND 彰

THOMAS R. COONES,

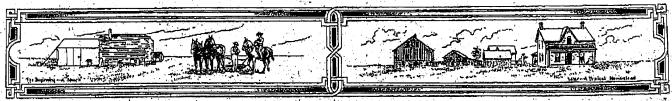
Price 2 Cents.

# New Soldier-Citizens for Canada.





A GROUP OF SALVATION ARMY IMMIGRANTS ON THE "KENSINGTON."



will hear with considerable regret that the good ship went ashore

HE S.S. Keneington, during 1906, has conveyed to these shores, whilst threading the intricate channels of the St. Lawrence in a blinding no fewer than 6,500 souls out of the 13,000 persons who have snow storm. We are happy to say, however, that no lives were lost in consimularisted to Canada under the auspices of the Salvation Army needlon with this accident, and that there is every possibility of the ship. being got off.

(Continued on page 6.)

#### THE WHITE-FACED WOMAN.

#### A Tenching Police Court Stary.

A little woman, white-faced and down and out, sat in a police court. But when she told her story, it was a fruitless attempt at self-justification. Her trial was postposed, and that atternoon her hunband met the Probettemary Officer, and caked it she would not call on his family. His Amis had began to drink three years ago, and had gradually gone alown until she had sold all her aloc dothes to sainty her craving, and within the post few weeks had adopted the common postitute's nethods in order to obtain money. Her treatment of the children was crued when intexticated. So Capt, Warm went to sas the dilidren, and found a typical drunkend's licens, unlough and so desolate. A dear little womanly girl of fourteen years met her, and when the Captain explained that her pape had sent her, she seemed seared, and told the story of her morners sin, in so far as the drink was concerned. Her little sleeven-year-old hother has hip discuss, and his lag hus to be warmed and straightness testors he can get out of bed; but often she would compel him to get out without this breatment, and best them all before they want to solood. The other she would compel him to get out without this breatment, and heat them all before they want to solood. The other she want to a plane of confinement, how could you keep house and keep yourself and brothers in gelood?"

She said: "I have done it since I was twalve years old!" fruitless attempt at self-justification. Her trial was postposed, and that

She said: "I have done it since I one trealway years old!"

She said: "I have done it since I was twalve years old!"
She is a real title Christian. We talked of Jerus' love and power to save from ain, and preyed to Hitu tocher meaning and the family.

When the mother's trial same of, the judge, who wanted to give her inchance, put her on probation. Her husband assured me of his determination to do his best to keep her from a continuance of that life. He said, "Hee knows the way, but is wank." We are doing our best to help be hack to goodness and purity—American War Cry.

#### PRACTICAL PHILANTHROPY.

#### What a Cape Legislator Said.

'At the Social Annual meeting of the Solvetion Army in Cope Town, Kt. J. W. Jagger, M.L.A., said:

"I may just very twiedly explain to you win I am here on this platform. It is the first time I ever attended a Balvation Army meeting. During the last tweet months I have come into touch with the Salvation Army a good.

deal in connection with an inquivy concerning a family who had recently come to South Africa. As soon as I got it, I placed it in the hands of the Army, and within a day or as they had found them out, and in very distressful circumstances. The hashand was inappariated and the wife was trying to earn a living by doing washing, with the circlinear running about. Through the agency of the Army they were assisted until we were able to get the man aone work, and now he is earning his living again. This is what I call real, good, practical plibanthropy, and it is to express my appreciation that I came have to-day. —South African War Cry.

#### SOLDIER MAKING IN JAMAICA.

#### A Hot Time in the West Indies.

The following is a good story from the West Indies:

The Town Hall at Port Maria was crowded, and the simosphere stifling. This, however, in no way interleased with the meeting, and as Colonel Lindsay called on the fifty-savan men and women who had been converted during the past three months, and who wished to become soldiers, to stand to their feet, the feeling was interest.

stand to their feet, the feeting was intense. There they stood, faces all eglow with hely excitement, and yet, within a soleno cameras which communicated itself to other hearts; and as the Calonal accepted their declarations and swore them in under the dear old fieg, we all felt that God had indeed been working in Port Meria.

One dear woman cried out for selvation, while the whole corps united under the fing in a coverant for whole hearted service, and since then word has come that crops there have come to the crops for pardot, making 175 in three months.—West Indian War Cry.

179 in t

#### CYCLING IN AUSTRALIA.

#### Same Happenings by the Way.

The following shows how whole heart-edly some of our Australian comrades go about the business of Bell-Denial:

go about the brainess of Self-Denial:

In all one dear fellow traveled 600
miles by hike and on foot, siept in
all series of places—abserver hots,
abods, estillars house, wayside puls,
and one night in the open. Bike
breaks and punchoses were the common lot of the enthalastic backwoodgman. First of all my padal
hooks, and I fired it up with a bolt;
then my chain hooks when I was fifteen miles from Moggil, In consequence I had to walk most of the way,
although I fired it up tomporantly with

a piece of wire. Next day I had a sethur walk of eighteen miles, when a blacksmith in a way repaired the break. After the input I mounted again on a sarty-mile run, but soon after starting away went the clean again. I just knelt down and told the Lord all shoet it, and He took away all anxious care. I believed He would help me in some way or other. And so He did, for when a little turther on the rund a young man gave me an old chain. Praise God!"

Mext day be had another saventure. He was "overtaken by night." The read was very bad, and ig of off the track in the dark, but it seemed a bit risky to go ahead, fearing I would be bracked altogether." Like Paul's companions in the storm, he "dropped anolice and wished for the day." The tool bag answered for a pillow. "It was a hard bed I had," he remarks. The moon came up, and he found the sandy patch near the township, he lay in a wheel track until the morning. "Both bits tubes by this time were healy punctured. The people were very kind and generous.

"I was now 300 miles in a direct roate from home, so, after finishing the town, I sot my face homewards, when lo said behold the top bur of my blee bricks." A broom kandle bound along the bar fixed me up again, and I salad along in good styls for a bay or more. Just as I was anticipating the joys of home, sweet home—and a baceleou's home at their away went my dife saidle."

It takes a lot to beat an Australian, and off came the broken seat, an overcest was strapped to the saidle port.

It issues a sor to cont an austrance, and off come the broken seat, an over-cost was strapped to the saddle post, and the fourney was continued mar-rily.—Australian War Cry.

#### REMEMBERED JOSEPH.

#### Blackfriage Breakfast Story.

A builer who left his situation in a

A butler who left his situation in a very abrupt manner some time ago was found amongst the pentients at tis Free Breekfast at one of our fibelters. His life proved the genericanes of his conversion, and after two months in the Shelter he expressed ris desire to return to his old master. An interview was accordingly granged, and he humbly applopmed for his misconduct. His employer accepted his story and apployer accepted his story and apployer, and treely forgave him, taking him back into his employ right away.

A short time afterwards he begun that his master was in used of another employee, and, remembering that during his Hester days he had come serves a man who was "down on his lack," and who was "down on his lack," and who was good desirous of leading a better life, he promptly segusted that his employer abould take on his old sequantiance.

The arrangement was accordingly

made, and now both men are not only converted, but working happily to-gather under the same roof.—Social Guzette.

#### AN ATHLETE'S CONVERSION

#### What a War Cry Accomplished.

An interesting article showing how the War Ory has been the means in God's hands of bringing sinners to rependence appears in the British War Ory, from which we take the follow-

ing: If was in a strange way," says our comrade, "that the War Cry came into my hands, I had been soot-racing at

comrade. That the war Cry came and my hands. I had been foot-racing at the local sports on the Saturday, and felb thred out on Sunday morning. I rose for breakfast but intended, as was my oustom; to go back to my bedroom and read the sporting news in the Sanday papers.

"A War thy happened to be lying on the sails in the kitchem. I had never soon that paper before, but the ploture on the front page attracted my attention, and when I went upstains again I took it with me, as well as the sporting papers.

"Tarming to this first inside page I fained that page I fait convicted of sin and tests were running down my phritual trouble increased until I the sight of God. I read on, and my spiritual trouble increased until I dressed and went out to seek an Army meeting.

"I don't remember how I town!"

meeting. the open-nir, but I stood at some dis-tance listening to the festimords and

the open-nir, but I stood at some distance listening to the testimordes and songs. I was crying most of the time. This was in Hlake Street, Middlesborough-on-Tess.

"I followed with the march to the holiness meeting, where I set furthest sway from the platform. Everything said and done in this meeting confirmed my conviction of sin, yet I left before its close.

"In the interval I could find no peace, and simply had to run after the meetings all day. What contrast to my usual Sundays! Generally I spent the day in company with my feetbolling, foot-racing companions, walking into the country for several miles, older making his walk part of our shields training, and in other ways descreating the Rabbath.

"In the night meeting I stayed behind, and was dealt with about my woul. I had determined to win the tenguiness prize for 100 yards race at the following Saburdays aports, and for wooks had been kaining. This prize was held up to my gaze by the day!. I knew also I would have to give up tookball, foot-racing, dancing, gambling, eard playing and many other titings. Thus the was waged in my mind for a long time, but as a result of wise, faithful handling on the part of the fisher I surrendered."

## The Praying League.

Prayer Topic for this Wask: Pyay tor the afficers and work in the prisons throughout the Territory.

throughout the Territory.

Sunday, Nov. 25.—Riessed Hope.—
Yiths i. 1-18; iii. 1-14; iii. 1, 2.

Monday, Nov. 28.—Suffering.—Hab. i.

Lif. iii. 1-5.

Tussday, Nov. 27.—Two-Rigsed Sword.
—Hab. iii. 18-19; iv. 1-15; v. 8, 0.

Wadnesisy, Nov. 28.—Sheet Anchor.—
Hab. vi. 1-20.

Thursday, Nov. 29.—Hab. vi. 1-27.

Priday, Nov. 30.—Hab. vi. 1-27.

Priday, Nov. 30.—Hab. ix. 1-38.

Saturday, Dec. 1.—Patience.—Hab. x.

19-36.

#### PRAYER TOPIC AND OTHER MATTERS.

By Mrs. Blanche Johnston, Bourelary, The Prison Work.

We present the interesting Prison Work as the Prayer Topic for this

The prisons were opened to Army officers in spite of peculiar obstacles in survey to the expensi prayer of one or two whose hearts had been touched with the great need of the exhalinals and the conviction of the Army's unique facilities for halping them. They pleaded with God and want to work confident of His blessing, and mighty deeds here been done and wondorful results soliteved. To Him, be givey. Let all readers peay that the officers and work may be increasingly blessed.

"Along the Way."

"There are so many troubled hearis to socile, So many pathways rought to smooth, So many pathways rought to smooth, So many nonforting words to say To hearis that failer along the way. But is us follow the Saviour's plan—Love unstituted to avery man!

Content if, at most, the world would

'He helped his brother slong the

We are glad that our Praying Learnes manhers are learning to feel their partnership in the League, and not

only to peny for others, but are free to request us to remember them.

We present a touching plea which came to our deak some time ago. We shall be glad to hear from this young girl again, and would like to remind our readers that all communications are breated confidentially. No names will ever be mentioned, so that all may be free to write us. This poor child writes:

child writes:

"I often read your War Ory, and I see You have a Praying League. I would be very glad if you, would only pray for me. I am a young girl, and have a comfortable home; but I am not happy as I should be. I have an awful templation; and I feel as though I will never be strong enough to execute that temptation. I do not want to give you my name and advant I do not want to be a Christian Evaryone thinks I am, but I am not provide that I am, but I am not provide that I am, but I am not you my not to be a pure good woman, I have prayed carnessty, but omnot overcome my sto. I believe God will answer your prayers.

A Cheen Up Letter.

A brother sands the following:
"Thank you very much for your recent later. I should have attered it before, but have been very busy

"Thank you very much lon your recent latter. I should have answered it before, but have been very busy with the harvest.

"You will be glad to hear that I am still having the victory through Jusus, although my way is not much clearer than when I saw you lest. I find it difficult to see the path that Glod wishes to lead me in, as there are so many insues at state.

"Many times the Saviour has blessed me, till my soul has been "ravished with His love, and now I ham walking with Him in a day that knows no setting sun; but the tears of joy still come in my eyes, and the praises of God fill my whole being when I think of the right, now long ago, when my sin-sick heart was healed by the touch of the plarced hands, and I proved Jesus to be the swander of them that digently seek Him.

The P. L. Calimon is still a reset.

Him.
The P. L. Column is still a great high to me, and trust that the Langua will increase in usefulness and bloss-language.

## THIRTY YEARS OF SOUL WINNING

## BY THE COMMISSIONER .

WITH LESSONS AND SUGGESTIONS ON SOUL-SAVING BASED ON PERSONAL EXPERIENCE, FOR THE WINTER CAMPAIGN.

EDITOR'S NOTE.—In this paper the Commissioner describes | nishes a specimen of present-day methods practised by Officers We think they would be as effective now as then He also lur- ance to Field Officers, and of interest to all.

ruses he adopted in the early days of his career to arrest attention. | with great success. This is a splendid article, of special import

## No. 3. How to Get the Crowds So as to Bring Them Under the Influence of the Gospel.



WOULD not may that man cannot be saved unloss they attend meetings where the truth is being presched, because I have

known quits a number of people who have been brought to God without attending any religious service or listening to any presching whatever. At the same time, so far as my own knowledge and observation goes, the greater number of people who have been saved were brought to God in public gatherings, by the power of the Word speken from the platform.

To get people to listen to the message is, then, after all, a most important inclor in the work of saving souls. How shall they hear without a preacher?" is saked by the Aportle. We might also usk: How can a preacher deliver his message to influence the sonls of men if the people are not on hand to listen?

#### Successful Mathada.

In the open-airs, as well as in the public halls. I have tried some methods out of the ordinary to attract the crowds, and have generally found them to be very successful. For instance, occasionally I have gone into a street and knelt slove in the middle of the road in silent prayer; when, out of earlowly, men, women and children have gathered round to see what I was doing. When they have so gathered I got up and commonced to preach Jesus unto them. At other times I have put my hat upon the ground and. pointing to it, started to talk to my headgen. While I have been doing tirls, people linve drawn near, attracted, no doubt, by the unwooded spectacle of a young man talking to his hat. I have then made my remarks apply to them, and lifting up my hat have gone on with what I had to say concerning the lifting up of Christ to those who had eathered around me.

To attract men from the streets into our meetings I have tried other tactica. For instance, I have paraded the streets without my hal, or cost, or both, making known my meeting place as I have walked. In one partiquiar town, where I found it almost impossible to get the people to take may notice of me, or to enter into the building, those methods encounded so well that the hell was filled sometimes twice and thrice a night, and many souls sought salvation.

#### The Salvation Madmen.

How well I remember an effort put forth in a Welsh town to estruct the crowd from the Pair Grounds to a Salvation, meeting. We were at our wite end to device a noticed of arrest ing the attention of the pleasure-seekens, when the idea come to me to do something of an autroprinary classactor, and I suggested to my comrade officer-or Christian Missioner, as we were at that time that he should the a rope around my neck and disg ma, not. The hall was a humble one and

through the Pair Grounds, announcing me as the "Salvation Madicana." iden was to tell them that it was not medices but gladness. The suggestion was no somer made than it was agreed to, and Colonel Lawley, for he was the officer in command of the corps, led. me through the streets and through the Pair Grounds, rusking the an-nouncement as above. This proved effectual, for not only did we retain the young converts and keep them from the temptations of the Pair, but drew into the hall a crowd of Fairgoers, and wan souls for Christ, one man being so gloriously freed from the power of the devil that he rushed from the meeting, telling the people. hadly situated. The people who lived in the neighborhood were poor and terribly irreligious. The Sunday night's congregation averaged about thirty persons. It was indeed a hard

Then a young man, not long out of the Training Home was recently sent to take charge. He went in with all the freedom of action that is the portion of the Salvation Army officer, and set himself to davise means of getting the people into his hall. He started his tactice by taking the penitent form into the Bunday night's open-air meetings. The passers by woodered what was up, but when a couple of drunkards knell weeping at this said

the audience, many crying out bitterly. Next Sunday the Captain appears in the style of a West End walker, when he will speak upon the sin and vice of the so-called high classes." Then a raligious journal contained ilida Darugraph:

this paragraph:

"Perhaps no Christian organization is more alive to the associative for nevelty in presenting the grand old story of redemption than the Babration Army. Not long since one of General Booth's followers preached a powerful sermen from a codin planted woright on the platform." (This was a little lastle Captain, who berrowed a codin from an undertaker for the purpose.) "And now we have snother flatvationist delivering a similar address in the striking, if not very hundsome, garbed a prison convict.

Preaching in Prison Carb.

Presching in Prison Garb.

Preaching in Prison Garb.

"The officer in question is one of the most energetic and enterprising mambers of the Sulvation Army in this locality, and he had arranged to deliver an address on the Fruits of sin. Then he conceived the idea that the interests of the subject would be greatly heightened if it wern illustrated in some results way, and one come the Cuptain on a recent Sunday dressed in the well known garb of a convict, plentifully marked with head arrows, carrying a gallows. Quils a large number assembled to witness the novel sight, and in more than one case the graceler's massage went home."

Now, what hes been the result of all this? The little hell, secommodat-

all this? The little hall, accommodating three hundred persons, is now crowded on Sunday nights, and a large number of people have been converted and made into soldiers, who perhaps would not have been reached in any

I have reprinted the press notices of the Captain's inotice in order that my Balvalianist readers may see bow the public regard thum. It will be noticed that the references are most sympathetle, because it is easily seen that the shrout, the prison garb, the gal-lows, and the "West End walker" (whotever that may imply) were all means to an end. There was method in the madness.

I can quite imagine what a sensation would be caused in some of our smallor Canadian towns if the Captain paruded the streets carrying a gallows. hat it is also easily ween how admirably such a thing could be made to emphasiza the spoken word.

I should like for some of our more enterprising spirits to try something on these lines, and than let me know how they set. Let us provoke one another to good works.

#### Modern Miracle-Warking

But perhaps the most powerful help of all to the obtaining of a crowd of people to listen to the wonderful story of the cross is to have an un-to-date working of mirecias going on in your building. This was so in the days when the Saylour was upon the earth. When He healed the sick, and worked His wonders, the crowd througed Him. The marvels wrought in such meetings. as that at which the sick of the paley (Continued on page 7.)



One Way of Getting a Drawd.

as he went that he was delivered, and going to the homes of his relatives, aroused same of them from their shum. bers, making known his now-found joy, and peaching Christ unto them.

#### Present-Day Mathoda.

But it may be said these methods are not effective to day; people have grown used to the paculiarities of the Salvation army. That is a confention with which I absolutely disagree. Principles do not change framen methods may and the great underlying principle in all the Army's methods has ever been the presentation of old troths in a may form-the arousing of people's surjectly, and through it reaching the conscience. One of the corps in London Division was at one time a provertially hard

penitent form, the few Salvationists simost got lost in the growd that gathered round.

#### Addresses in Character,

Then he conscived the idea of preparing special addresses and dressing up in character to deliver thum. These methods arrested attention. His portraft and a write-up appeared in a London daily paper. The local newsgraphs similar to the following:

graphs similar to the following:

"On Sunday ovening a great nemorial service was held at the Salvation Army, starting first of all in the Salvation Army, starting first of all in the openate, where the Captain was drawed in abround, to represent those who had departed during the last twelve mouths to their, reward. Derometric Road was in an uproof as the nearth proceeded, to the healt, where a most soleman earvice was gone through, these being hardly a dry face among

#### CAN YOUNG PEOPLE BE SOUL-WINNERS?

By Capt. Hebburdon.

Seated one day upon a bench in one of the parks for which Detroit is so famous, were two people—one a young lad in the trout bloom of youth, the lad in the fresh bloom of youth, the chief a man of about fifty animoses, dirty, diseased, and feeble, bearing all the marks of a dissipated life. The boy, who had recently found Christ as his Saviour, ventured to approach the close man about his soul, and was mat with this sharp rebull; "What right have you, a mare boy, to talk to me about such things?" Have not the roung any right to work for shair Master? Have they no opportunities?

Have not the young any right to work for their Master? Have they no opportunities?

Yes! There is no one who can be more used of God than a theroughly consecrated bey or girl.

Did not God speak through little Samuel and give him one of the weightiest messages ever given to man to deliver? David was but, a raddy youth when he brought deliversnot to a nation. Jesus at twelve years of age said, "I must be about My Fatter's business." Yes, the young have a work to de.

A little girl, seven years of age, was converted in a hunter meeting, and running home she told her father what had happened! The father began to tense her, and said, "You are too young to get saved," but she, nothing danned, said, "Papp. I am, I know a no."

wow, in the same village lived a very wicked, drunken old blackmutth, named Joe. No one dared to go mear him to speak to him about religion, to the little gard, father said. Now, if you can got old Joe saved, then I'll believe you are converted; otherwise I want.

so the little early tables and the wind from land and the little one said ne more, but presently she stole away down the street to the blacksmith's shop. Old Joe was there, smaking his pipe.

"Hello, little 'an, what do you want?" he said as site perped in through the helicelosed door.

"Recouraged by his remark, the little child ran in explainting, "O Joe, I've heen converted in the meeting, but pape says he won't believe it unless I can get you saved too." Then putting his little arms growned his need said in her oblidish simplicity, "You will be converted and how Issue, want'y you?"

No one had ever spoken to Joe like this before, his heart was brechen, and thus the little one led old drunken Joe to Jerus. Sarely a little child shall isad them.

I said the young boys and girls had great opportunities, but in order to use them for the best they must be theroughly consecrated to God."

It has been said, "It yet remains to be demonstrated what God can do with a soul absolutely given up to God." I believe it.

As a young man writing to young people, led me urge upon you the necessity of being out-and-out for God. No one is more despited by his companions than a coward or a hypocrite, but every true man admires him who has the courage of his convictions and dares to be a Daniel. It must have taken great courtee of his convictions and dares to be a Daniel. It must have taken great courtee of his convictions and dares to be a Daniel. It must have taken great courtee of his convictions and dares to be a boys and girls in coder to general. Bed-bot, out-und-out religion is what we need as boys and girls in coder to

Not be had faith in an one con-grared.
Red-hot, out-and-out religion is what we need as boys and girls in order to get others to follow in the Master's steps.

We cannot have it, though, if our lives are questionable. If our compan-ious once catch us in a lie, ever find an doing a mean, underhand action, ever see us doing what a Christian should not do, then they lose all faith in us.

## SOME PEOPLES OF THE EARTH.

The Salvation Army has a good work in progress amongst the inhabitants of Rocway, who are decoly religious as a class. Henceth somewhat rough exterior, the Korwegian has a kindly beart. He is kind to his family and considerate to his beast.

The full cettere of the woman is dislinely national, giving place to the styles of London and Farts.

In no country in Europe are the duties of hospitality held more sacred than in Korway. Even beggars are not allowed to go away without an order of food. It is a corrious custom of the Korwegians in at a lone, in the room devoid to his use that leat alone. In the room devoid to his use that hat a guest shall cat alone, in the room devoid to his use the thield is covered with a time white toth, and the best forks and spoone are set out. After the mistress of the house, whe waits upon the guest, elter a day or two, inesist on breaking the national rule, hay all he allowed to eat at the plain board with the family and farmhands. He may then decline to use the silver spoon and ask for a wooden one. The Korwegian takes pride in these rude spoons. ver spoon and ask for a wooden one. The Morwegian takes pride in these rade spoons. Each member of the family has his or her own, with the owner's pame carved on the handle.

The picturesque fig-

They are almost entirely of the Ma-

Cloudy allied to the Arabe are the Moora. The social function of a Mooralt dinner party has thus been described:
"The company sit in a circle, crosslegged, on the floor. Sensetimes, indeed, an apology for a table, a few inches high, is placed in the centre, Upon this, or on the floor, a huge case



Horwaglari Glei in Beidal Dress.

made of straw sawn to-gether and decorated with colored leather-work, is placed. A coulcul cover of the same material fits over the case, and when the former is removed a wooden bowl or lab filled with Tunkum' (a kind of perridge) is dis-played. Before sating everyone says grace for mind of permanyal is simplified. Before eating everyone says grace for himself by exclaiming "Biamallah!"—In the name of Allah! Bach person then throate the Ingers of the right hand into the smoking mess, and taking up a coomidistable quantity; forms h, into a sent of ball or lump, and then by a clever jeck tosses it into his mouth, which the serving hand is not allowed to touch. The left hand is never used in sating. From the fivelible see that the sitquatte of the Moorish dinner table is quite as exacting as

the Morneco Court, the number being expressed as "four plus one." The "lex tallonis," the law of a tooth for a tooth is still part of the Moordan jurisprudence. An English merchant at Hogador, who was accused of having knocked out two tests from a beggar, was compelled to allow two of his own teeth to be axtracted; but as the charge was false, he was compensated by the Government.

### Work at Yourselves.

#### How Livingstone Cultivated His Offts.

As a man, a Christian, a missionary, a philanthropist, and a scientist, Liv-inguisms ranks with the greatest of our

His surly struggles undoubtedly laid the foundation of the standy character that in after years manifested itself amidst the trying and difficult gurroundings of a missionary in Africa.

His parents were poor, and at the age of ten he was put to work in a factory as a piecer that his earnings might aid his mother in the strugglefor bread.

After serving a number of years as a piecer, he was promoted to be a

spinner.

With part of his first week's wages he purchased "Ruddinant's Rudinents of Lasin," and pursued the study of that language with unabated vigor fer many years atterward at an evening class which had been opened between the hours of eight and ten.

The distinction that of his labors are

many years atterwards at an evening class which bud been opened between the bears of eight and been. The dictionary part of his labors was followed up till twelve o'clock, or later, unless his mother interfaced by jumping up and anatching the book been of his hands.

He had to be back at the factory by aix in the morning, and continue work till eight at night.

Under such circumstances not many would find much time for reading, but so keen was young Livingstone on acquiring knowledge that before he was sixteen be had read many of the classical authors.

The plan he adopted was as fettown. He would place the book on a portion of the spinning jeany, so that he could tack a sentence after sentence as he passed at his work.

The labor of attending to the wisels was great, and the ulmost interval that he could have had for reading at one time was less than a minute.

The years of monotonous toil spant in the lactory were never regretted by Livingstone. On the contrary, he regraded his experience there as an important part of his admartion, and had it been possible, he would have lind it been possible, he would have like to begin life over again in the same lowly style, and to pass through the same hardy fraining.

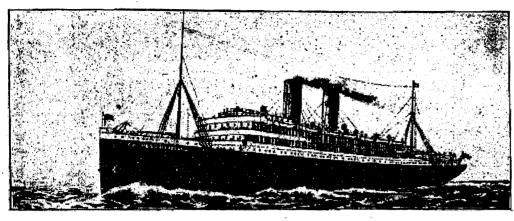
The follow itselling he acquired for the children of labor was invaluable for enabling him to pain influence with the same class, whether in Scotland or Africe.

In all the toils and trials of his life he found the good of that carry discipline, which had forced him to bear richoms toil with petinese, reader, that your life is dull and monotonous, and are you discouraged at the faw opportunities you have for mental improvement. Think of his life, and you life, and the same tanging the incur of his momentances which seemed so much again him into a lever by which he mounted to him in the which allows the incur to his momentance with the knowledge he thinvited after and thus butting the incur to his momentance which seemed so much again him into a lever by which he mounted to him to



# GOD'S THROUGH M

Commissioner Railton.



The Empress of Impanel, which brought Linut.Colonal Ress to Consider and Twin Ship to the Empress of Britsin.



AVING had the first soo perience of running the mails through by Canads, from London to

Hong Kong, I know something of the prosend cons of such travel. On paper it rends aplendidly that London and Hong Kong can now be looked on as linked by an all-British mail route of thirty days, and for letter bags such speeding may be perfectly comfortable and safe.

But those who have once known all that is implied in a through express ride scross America will, I should think, be pretty sure to prefer delightful breaks in the way, such as I had, and when the ocean rush has to be got through in animand weather, or amidst fore and icebergs, many will wish themselves on slower boots than will suit the Empress Line.

Apaid Wanted.

And yet who is there in the world so blind to the value aye, sometimes

the vital necessity—of quick mails to wish to see their pace raduced? Whatever mur or may not be risked, the mail must so at the nimost speed altainable, because everybody knows that a day's delay in the delivery of a letter may carry with it the most dreadful consequences.

Oh, that we could gut any much impression of the speed required with the instance of salvation for every perialihave all got too much accustomed to the Saviour's messages to see as clearly as we should their desperate urgency. Just now I have the advantage of the presence at my elbow of a Japanese who has just got to know Christ and the Army. He plunges into every opportunity he can get to talk of Christ, aither in public or private; has gone in for hawking on the street for a living, so as to be able to leave all any day we will have him, and cannot at all understand why he not become a Cadet in a week's time.

To see him running sinner after sinner up to the penitent form is to get some idea of the speed with which the world could be brought to Christ if His measangers all understood His "Go out quinkly," as they should.

Godly Rushers Required.

Now, do you really bulleve that you carry a message from God, upon the prompt and correct delivery of which the souls of many may depend? Just think the question out, and recall to your mind the cases in which you have yourself seen almost despairing simers pluck up courses and come out in the open-air ring or the crowded meeting to seek merry. There can be few Salvationists who do not know that God's mail, properly delivered. can prouse and bring to their kness the very storiest of the King's enpeople's attention in the bugs openair rings on the quietest terraces of Canada has left me no sort of doubt as to the speed with which the heaven-

ly mail could be not right into many banets. If the measurement could only be gut into the proper heat, the record ground, this winter. Oh, but same godly runlmers I

Miserable Excuses.

And surely Canada, of all countries in the world, aught to be ried this winter with men and women roudy for rushing. What risks people will run. what miseries they will bear, with a laugh-or rather a grunning-for the change of a law extra dollars. Is the Kingdom of God-and above all the Salvation Army-going to be found short of men and women of enterprize, where it is a appealion of that greatest of all certainties, the Gospel being everywhere made the main of?

But, ah, the miserable excuses that are set up by those who should have bosn steaming ahend with God's mail long ago! To think of people who have song "Hark, the Gospel news" thousands of times, saying that they are not sure that they were ever called to sound it out | "No call" to leave home anylow—as though massages could ever be delivered without leaving knows! "No gifts" to carry a measage that children sys, and almost idiote—have so often carried with sternally blessed effect!

The Health Point.

"But my beolth." Now you surely know how qurefully the Army exmaines into the health of every Candicinte, and even into that of their parents, and grandparents sometimes. You have no need to fear that anyhody is going to urge you into a service that you cannot carry out. for our officers are not look, even if any of them seem to be such. But you must know how very many in the Army who have trail bodies, have yet been able, by God's help, to rouse whole cities and even countries for Him.

As long as people around you are going quickly to hell Jesus will go on skyling, "Go out quickly" to their rescue, And the biggest sisk you can ever run is the risk of His saying "Ye

#### (Continued from page 1.)

On board was a personally conducted party of about 250 persons, them being forty wives aptonesi and fairlies who ware consing out to re-join their husbands.

These were landed at Himouski, whence they proceeded by rail to their various destinations. It must have been an amilious time for them and they have our deepest sympathy.

The photograph on this page shows the Salvation Army coldiers who came to Conada with the party that arrived best month.

Can the meral and material worth to the nation of such a party be rightly estimated. We think they constitute most valuable seed.

Every one of them is a total abstainar, pledged to obey the laws of the land, and to sura his or her own living. Many of them are skilled mechanics, others are experienced miners, others again, young and enterprising, have broken with their former callings in the Old Land, have already bired themselves with farmers, to gain the experience necessary to enable them to bring the virgin prairie under the plough and wrest from mother earth

the harrest of golden grain.
But this is not all. They are Salvationist; many are skilled anusicians, much of whose time and talent will be at the disposal of the community. amongst whom their lot will be cast. Pive players of bress instruments went to Owen Bourld. Many are prestless speakers, whose physics of speach will be employed in personding those with

## NEW SOLDIER-CITIZENS FOR CANAD

whom they will be brought into contact to live lives of zightnousness. They are pledged to live for the glory of God and the good of their fellows

If rightcoursess exalisth a nation, could a country have more desirable immigrants?

A few days ugo two young follows wood in the office of the writer in Toronto. They were in first flush of a glorious young manhood. Beither of them had reached thirty, although one of them stood six feet three in his stockinged feet. Brown and hard sad, it, they were splished if young man.

Who were they? and whence did they come?

they come? They come from England last spring,

where one of them had been a com-mornial traveler, and the other a clark.

mercial traveler, and the other a clerk.
This summer they had worked on a
farm, and when we saw them they
were on their way to a lumber escap.
Ruch of them, after buying all his
superience and all the outfit necessary
for the lumber season, was worth job,
which, by the time the spring coarse
round, will be probably \$150. They
will then proceed to the Northwest,
take up allotments, and by themselves to help lift the country and
themselves with. This is how good
settlers are made.

They said words could not suppress

They said words could not express the thankfulness they telt for the benefit the Salvation Army had been to them in connection with their to them in connection change of countries.

But even as we write, one of the group on the front page has celled on us. He has obtained work in a Canadian city, its doing well for himself, and giving every satisfaction to his employer. He has seemed a building allotment in the hush, and will shortly serest a house for himself, and in the course of a year or two will passes real cetals, have a take in the course, and be a producing, law-shiding, God-feering maps by of the community.

That is how citieses are made.

Next year Brigadier Howell, at the Army Jumigration Department, informs us that the Commissioner hopes to arrange for the transfer of \$5,000 immigrants, who will be a valuable addition to the nation.



Finishing & Field in the Great Morthwest,

## Home for Little Children.



A Peep into the Play-Room at the Ohildren's Home.



O heavier blow, perhaps, can tall upon the surviving purent than the loss of the halpmest-be it the lausband and breadprincer, or the wife and

modiler.

It is earthinly a pititul thing when the wife is bereft and left to support a fansily; and it is no less parinful when the husband is left with a group of little ones who have to be murtured na well as fed.

Uncared-for Little Ones.

Yet there are many even in Canada. who are so alrouncianced. Amongst the emigrants shown in the photograph on the front page is a grandmother who has gone to the Northwest to look after the nine motherless little ones of her son.

But all motheriess little ones have not a granny, neither have all fotherless children one who can earn for them their daily bread. But for some of the most distressed of perentless or pegiscied children the Bulvation Army nets as both father and mother.

In a commodious house, in a quiet street in Toronto is the Children's Homa. It is not a Creeke nor a Shelter, but in the best sense of the term n Home.

It has been called into being by circumstances which the Salvation Army is continually brought face to face with. The following is a sample / case:--

The wife of a young couple was taken ill; the muture of her maindy mas each that she had to be removed into the inspital, leaving a little boy to the cure of the father, who had to go regularly to his work.

The usan's earnings would not adult " of his lifring a woman to look after the buly and himself, so he decided to give the child into the care of a boarding-house keeper, who offered to look after the little one for so bruch.

#### A Drunken Baby.

One day the father called to see the child, and to his dismay found that some drunken boarders had given the lettle one whiskey, and set in the room. making sport of his drunken autios.

The tather immodiately took away the son, but what to do with him was a problem, for the young wile got no referrer; In fact, her disease is now regarded as being incurable.

In his perplexed despoir he turned

to the Salvation Army, and the broken-bunried man explained his dilenima to Mrs. Coumbs, who at once took the here into the Children's Home, where, with seventeen others, he is properly looked after in overy particular,

Every one of the children has his or her story, and all more or less painful and indicative of the grant need that exists for such an institution as the Civildren's Home of the Salvation Army, which we believe is the only one in the Dominion.

The meed is very argent for this work to be extended, but in common with most other phases of Army work, the lack of officers and money bers the way.

The Home is very conveniently situated in a browshaded street, and is fairly commodique for the accommodation of the neventeen little neetlings who make the walls resound with their shoutings and merry laughter. Some of the Immeter.

May we introduce our readers to a few of the little ones who reside in Usis Home?

Here comes Poli. He is making a great noise with a toy driem and is trying to sing a chorus. A bright, intelligent little fellow he is, full of libs and of a very enquiring mind, His mother died some time ago, and his inther sent bim to me to be cared toy, as he was a working man and could not remain at home to see to the little fellow himself, and he had no older children or relatives with whom

he could entrust the little chap.

Upstairs in the play-room, a nice lightsome and sivy apartment, we see introduced to a quite a bery of happy youngsters. This little girl who comes si shand salsals at cheggs bands in Mabet. She is now eleven years old, and has been in our care since sha was a toddler of three. Makel says she is converted and means to be an Army officer by-and-bye. She loves Jeaus best of all, but is not quite sure whether mother or the Matton comes ment in her affections.

The two little girls on the lounge are выцели. Their fuller desarted them and their mother some years ago, and they have been in the Home ever since. Bertha is a little Scotch lassis, and less been there for sloven mounties. She is a bright and winsoms child. The Little Cripple.

Hobbling along brinkly on his crutch is title Harry. He is a bright-land boy, but the poor lad bas lest one of his lags. Owing to some disease of the limb he had to have it amoutated when only three years old. Both his motiver and father are dead, and so the officers of the Home club together to provide for his maintenance, will see Manter Harry in the forefront of the photograph of the play-room. Bob is sitting on the floor with his munt took of enquiry on his tage.

Up in the numbery are the very tiny toddlers. Their little cots are scrupulously nest and clean, and the room has a cheerful and homelike appear-

#### A Peep Into the Evangeline Home and a Chat with the Matron.

suca. Little Roy peeps around the corner at the visitors, and the Ensign calls him forward to shake hands. His inther became such a dissipated man that his wife relused to live with him any longer. She obtained employment and is supporting herself, but baby had to be housed, and as her employare lend no use for the child, the noor mother knew not what to do until the Army come to her relief and took the civild into the Evangeline Homa.

#### The Matron's Care.

Under Mrs. Commissioner Coombs, Ensign Grocker has charge of this institution, and she is unremitting in her cure of them. From early morn till inte at night also and her assistants toil on their hehalf, in order that the ionibs whom the great Shepherd has entrusted to their care may grow and develop, and in after years prove worthy men and women. It is indeed a work of faith and labor of love, reemiring a constant devotion to duty. and involving much real and practical self-denial.

To clothe, feed, and care for a family of seventeen take all the time of Ensign Crocker and her two assistants. and they have very little space time for themselves, as they are continually ecrubbing, cooking, mending, ironing, washing, or offending to the numerous other wants of the children.

The little ones, so far as their lander, years will allow, receive a thorough domestic training, as well as practical religious feaching, as it is intended that they shall grow up to be useful members of society.

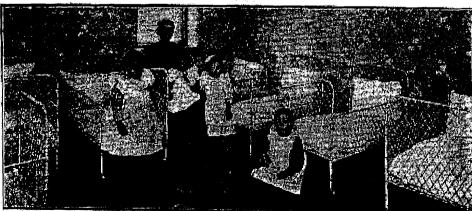
This is a most deserving institution, and is well worthy of the support of the friends of the little ones.

FRESH BATTLE FIELDS.

New Open-Air Stands.

They are going ahead at Wingham and adopting new testics be secure the attention of the people, Instead of confining their efforts to a few stands before the hotels; they have saleoted new ground, and find it quite an implication to themselves and of much behefit to the people they thus reach. A beautiful spirit exists in the corps and things are thoring in the right direction.

Mrs. Ensign Basiks conducted the meeting one Thursday, said four cents sought salvation, while on Sunday, after a soulsatire time, one backstides returned to the fait.—Charles Hobinson.



A Corner of the Babies" Night Nursery.

## THE HOLINESS CAMPAIGN.

#### Brigadier Southall Graphically Presents the Truth from Three Aspects.

CAPTAIN MEFETRICK AND THE "RADICAL CURE."

A splendid sudience awaited the entrance of the genial Trade Secretary on Thursday, Nov. 8th, and the most leavity interest was evidenced by all during the meeting.

The prayer of Energy Gillam volced the decires of the majority present as he naked that "we might receive help and blessing from the words of Thy servent," and the petition of Brigadier Taylor put every soul into an expectant attitude, as he definitely asked God to "come into this meting and any something to everyone. We promise that what Thou will say to us we will be abedient to. Show us the path and we will gladly rush into it." Here was faith coupled with willingines to obey, and God must surely reveal Hinself to scule in such an attitude towards Him.

#### The Radical Curs.

The Radical Cura.

Before the principal speaker of the evening addressed the gathering Capt. McFetrick and Stat-Capt. Attwell had a few words each. The Captain telated the story of a terrible needent which happened to him three years ago, when he fell into a river and got mixed up with some thirty-fest steel bars. The only thing that could reastors him to bealth, the doctors said reastors him to bealth, the doctors said reastors him to bealth, the doctors and it worked wonders. He applied the lesson to those people who are seaking every other cure for sin but the blood of Jesus Christ—the only effective remedy—the "Radical Caru." Staff-Capt. Attwell gave a clear-cut isstimony to the affect that he was living in the enjoyment of the blessing of a clear heart, and then the Brigadier came into notion.

The Brigadier Opens Fire.

...The Brigadier Opens Fire.

The Brigadier Opens Firs.

Directing his fire upon the cold, formal Christianity of the present day, he hurled shot after shot of truth at many preveiling errors, and then brought up all his big guns of eloquence and argument to drive lutking eyils from their cover, and expose them to the withering rolleys of stem rebules from an up-to-date appearant of heart heliness.

His remarks were based upon St. Paul's epistle to the Romans, and step by atap he led his bearrs through the different scenes of being under sin, over sin, and free from sin. Like pictures thrown upon the canvas of the language the speaker faithfully brought the people face to ince with the consequences of sin, the blessing of justification, and the possibility of entire specification.

Some Heavy Shalls.

Same Heavy Shalls.

Some Heavy Shalls.

"God can not only remove the effects of sin, but annihilate the cause," came as a home upon those who can't not get beyond the "O wratched man that I am" religion.

"The centre of activity is the mind of man, and if that is possessed and controlled by God, then all our outward actions will correspond. God expects us to know and to do all His perfect and acceptable will, and whether we work in the office or factory, we may walk in the bissed correctous meas that we are doing His will, if we have presented our bedies a living sacrifice to Hem."

Minds had been roused and thoughts called into existence, hearts had been stirred and teelings awakened, and the general impression that prevailed was that it had been a time of "refreshing from the Lord."

#### \*\*\* \*\*\* FQUR SOULS SAVED.

Engles Southall and Lisut Jorgen-sem have been relicomed at Edwardsen. Good meetings have been held dur-ing the week, and God hen been glori-fied by the souversion of three souts. The beginning as a much appre-ciated visit for the week-and R. S.

## no Matrimonial Bureau.

Weddings with Salvation Army Emigrants are Affairs of the Heart, Not Matters of Office Arrangement,

A CHAT WITH BRIGADIER STEWART.



HE press on both sides of the Atlantic have a great liking for publishing references to alleged Salvation

Army Matrimonial Bureaux; and troquently individuals who have discovered that "It is not good for man to live slone," have written to the Salvation Army to put them into the way of geiling a wife.

Now, the Army is very desirous of

meeting all the legitimude needs of nannklaid, both for this world and the next, but at present a Matrimonial Bureau is not numbered amongst its institutions, neither-judging from a chat a representative had with Brigadier Stewart, the officer in charge of the Army's Registry Office is it likely goon to be.

Unhesitating Repudiation.

The reporter, whose assignment it was to call upon Brigadier Stewart was young and unmarried, and with considerable trepidation approached the Brigadier respecting the somewhat delicate subject of the matrimomial But there was no hestancy on the part of the interviewed in speaking of the subject. Blue said:

The papers exaggerate dreadfully. We have never helped one in any such matter. That is an affair so personal, and so fraught with good or exil consequences, that we profer to take no vesponsibility in such a thing. We should be very sorry if the idea gained ground in England that we are busy in supplying wives to lonely backglors. Most complicationally we are not, and I um much obliged to the War Cry for giving us the apportunity of saying evan onw siring ent-to wel emon as on emigrated to Canada, have done so no doubt with the idea of marrying as soon as possible. At any rate, they have rushed appedly into wedlock, and the consequences have not always besa happy.

"I must say, however, that these are very exceptional cases, for an a rule the domestics we get turn out to be quits a credit to the country and the Army."

They Like Canada.

"How do they like the country as a rule, Brigodieries"

"Well, judging from the many let-ters I receive I should say the great majority are well satisfied with the emulition of things here."

'Do you happen to have such a latter handy!"

"Yes, here is one just to hand from a girl. You will see what the says."
This is what the girl wrote: "I like this country very much, and I have a most comfortable and happy place."

Other letters were handed to the willer, from which the following are extracts: "I am very well situated here, and have so much enjoyed the free life this summer. Poople tell me that I am fortunate in getting into this to mity."

Thus writes a lady's-make: "I prrived on Thursday and am feeling fine. The change is doing me a lot of good. My lady continues to be very good to me. I expect to go south for the winter."

The War Cry man was salisfied, 20 far as the girls were concerned, and leasurded this question: "Now, what about the employers. Brigadier; are they satisfied with the people you send

Employers Like Army Help.

"With very few exceptions, they are delighted. This fetter is a good sample of the whole: "I write to thank you for sending me such a nice genersi. We are gotting along very nicely roar Poor Fund."

"You have a great many applications, no doubt!"

"Yes; a great many more than we can supply. We have applications from all over the Dominion, and for all sorts of help. Here is one speciment. May I ask if you can statist me with some hired help? You have formerly some must need nice people, and I profer members of the Army is any others. I want a good strong woman for the kitchen, and a man who understands horses and can see to baggage." This is another: Have you a working housekeeper you could send me. I had Mrs. ——last year, who proved

most satisfactory." I may say Mrs. - got married, but entirely on her own responsibility. Of course many of the girls get most happily settled down as housewives, but that is their own business. We can only give them such advice as may seem wise in their own particular

before the eyes of the world the power of the Gospel to convert great simmers into saints, the growds will gather, and be full of interest in all that takes Under such influences, the most ordinary things bring about the most extraordinary results. This has been so throughout the whole history of the Christian church, so tar as my own researches have gope, and it will continue to be.

I need not say that whatever extraordinary mathods are used to lay hold of the unconverted crowd, they must be of such as can commend themselves to the very best that is in us, and be in line with the teachings and principles of the grand old Book we love, and be carried out in such a fushion. that will disarm ridicule, sob criticism of its power, and bear upon it the impress of real excess, baland-out derotten to the deepest, highest, and of this issue would like shooped
copy of the original play
can obtain use from Ball have
see labor and toil.

We labor and toil. of its power, and bear upon it the impress of real expent, out and out debest interests of the people for whom. we labor and toil.

## **Personalities**

Commissioner and Mrs. Combs and their Staff arrived safety in Therents early on Sunday morning, language traveling state traveling state traveling state traveling state traveling states. The Commissioner tore the states of the Lastora Campaign and arbans of the Lastora Campaign and arbans of the Lastora Campaign and arbans journeys remarkably well. The being homeward focusing was at focuse very trying to Mrs. Counts, but taking the trip in all she stood it exceptionally will. The Commissioner was at his deak on blonday morning as alert and but of energy as though he land been on a long rest.

Two days later the Commissioner started on his journey to the Northwest, Accompanied by Adjt. Morris, his Frivate Secretary, he paid a visit to Tissila, concerning which we bope to give the Commissioner's impressions in an early issue. A few days later Mrz. Coombs, necompanied by Lious, Coloned Pugnitre, left Toronic to Join the Commissioner & Winnipog, This compaign will recessitate the absence of the Commissioners from Readquatters for more than a morth, during which time they will travel weven thousand miles, conduct twenty-seven morthings, with nemesous interviews litewal in. God bless and presente our leaders.

Lisut-Colonel Fegurire, who has kept us so well informed as to the progress of the Commissioner's ampling in the East, will render us the same valuable service for the Northwest. On the day of his arrival trues. On the day of his arrival runson Residual and he conducted prison meetings at the Moreer and the Commental Prisons, at which he saw forty-five prisoners knest to God for pardon.

According to the duily paper, the defender of Fort Arthur has falled upon evil days, for a Renter's toberam says that that General Stossel, the upon avil days, for a Renter's tabagram says that Liant. General Stocase! the defender of Fort Arthur, is in such financial sinsis that he has applied to a charitable institution for wounded soldiers for assistance to enable him to employ a servant. The officers of the institution saked the General to produce a medical certificate showing that his health requires the services of a servant. Such is the waitty of caritity gloty and the brevity of undying time" that was said to be his at one time.

We are sure the' ill our readers with sympathies with adjt. Here, who has recently been barelt of his father, but sairoly the bitterness of death must be sweetened by the testiment which our commade's faither was able to leave habited effect many waster correlation. bulyind after many years, experience of Christ's salvation. His last words were, "Father, once and take me honse!" The Adjutant, in a personal latter to the Chief Secretary, touching the remarks, "His life's journey had wearing him such he wanted to be at

Commissioner and Mrs. Cosandey recoulty attended the Integrational Congress respecting the "White Slave Traffic," which has just been held in Paris. In one of the stitings which took place at the Expect Falses the Commissioner had the honor of being introduced to M. Faltieres, the President, of the Republic.

According to the local paper, Ensign Miller and Capt. Snow had a greak farewell trom Woodstock, as will be seen from the following catting: "Their isrewell meeting, which took place the Sunday previous to their departure, was very largely attended, the herracks boing packed to its atmost capacity. It was a wery impressive service. Citiagns as well as the soldiers, testified to the good, work done, by those two mable montes, and all asymessed grist over their departure from Woodstock. The officers respected in subtable words, thanking the good people for their kindness showed towards them while stationed in Woodstock.

### THIRTY YEARS OF SOUL-WINNING:

(Continued from page 2.)

obtained such an extraordinary deliverance, as well as the wonderful attr orested by the great and mighty works he strought, which brought the deputa-tion from John to enquire if it were the Christ or not, is real subdence that nothing to so, attractive as mirecleworking meetings. What a wonderful answer Joses gave to those disciples of John-"Go and show John those things which re do hear and see: the blind receive their sight, the lame walk, the lepare are cleaned, and the deal hear, the dead ere raised up, and the poor have the Gospel preached to

My experience has gone to show that when we are able to demonstrate

## WARMCRY

DRINTED St. Therein B. Connect. Counsisses of the Salcases: Avery in Casonia, Special Res. Bornacia, and lately, by the Baltrains Army Friends, Storie, of Albert Ma. Toronia.

A titler, or y.

All manuscripts to be written in late of the first word of the following of the following of the first word of the following of the following of the first word of the following the publication in program is not the following to publication to publication in the following the fol

#### **GAZETTE.**

Promotions.

ENSIGN WILLIAM BRADBURY to

ENSIGN MAGGIE STORES to be ADJUTANT.

ENSIGN WALTER LACEY to be

Capt. Florence Heater to be EN-SIGN.

Capt. Elizabeth Pattenden to be EN-HIGN.

Capt. Nelson Rock to be ENSIGN. Capt. Ellen Horwood to be ENSIGN. Capt. Bertha Pickle to be ENSIGN. Capt. Hacker Habkirk to be ENSIGN.

Capt. Altos Pearce to be ENSIGN. Capt. Malcolm Weir to be ENSIGN. Cadet Eliza Price to be Pro-Lieutenant at Ellistom.

Cadet Effic Moore to be Pro-Lingtenant at 84, John's III.

Cadet Ethal Porter to be Pro-Lieutenant at Botwoodwills.

Cader Bestvice Tucker to be Pro-Licuteannt at St. John's Day School.

THOS. B. COOMBS.

# Comments on & Current Matters.

A Mesesge from the Dand.

Rarely less a more powerful or extraordinary indiciment of the horrible drink trade been brought before the public than that of the unhappy young man who recently shot himself in an Ontario city. On his body the coroner found a message entitled, "A Word to Young Men," in which he calls drink a curre. It had rained him and was raining more young men than any other thing. He asked young men to shim har rooms, and called on temperance workers and ministers "of all the churches in our fair Deminion, be they protested or Catholic, to take an active step in suppressing the sale and manufacture of liquor." He besought young men for God's sake to take heed, "for at lust you will fall as I have. May my fall be a lesson to you which you shall never forget,"

Drink and Bulelde.

At an incuest recently held at a Landon, Eug., jail, the deputy governor and medical superintendent said that an enormous number of persons who attempted naisids were received at the jail-as many as 900 or 900 anmunity. The great majority of the cases resulted from excessive drinking. In view of these facts, how necessary it is that all, and especially those who take upon themselves the ridme of Christ, should by precept and example the everything possible to suppress the sale and manufacture of strong drink. There is no doubt that the Salvation Army's attitude towards this grave problem places it in front of the eleorches, for not only is this organization more outspoken and more aggreenive respecting the drink troffic, but no one can be a member of the Salvation Army who uses intercienting liquor. We sincerely trust that the young men amongst our readers who may indulge in drink will take well to.

### FROM OUR VIEW-POINT.



A WORD TO THE BAR-STORMERS.

A young man committed suicids. In his cost pocket was a letter containing an appeal to all temperance workers and ministers "of all the churches in our fair Dominion, be they Protestant or Catholic, to take an active step in suppressing the sule and manufacture of liquor."

heart the last message of one of alcohol's last victims.

illiteracy vs. Irreligion.

The Toronto Globe editorially comnenting on the criminal statistics of the State of Missouri, makes a statement with which we find ourselves in complete secord. Comparing the numher of irreligious briminals with illiterate svil-dosrs, that journal says: "This leads to the conclusion that illiteracy is less dangerous than irre-A man makes a much better ligion." member of accessy who has the faur of God before his eyes, even if he has no knowledge of the three R's in his head, then the educated man who has no restraint of religion to influence his conduct. Prison administration has undergons great reforms of late years. but a great deal yet remains to be done, we think, in the way of bringing practical religious teaching to bear upon immetes of the jails. The success that has attended the Army meetings in Carladian prisons shows what our be done in this direction.

#### Old Truths-New Mathods.

We direct the attention of all Field Officers to the Commissioner's excellent paper on methods for reaching th crowds that appears in this issue. It is instructive and interesting to a degree, and we should imagine will reach our readers at a time when the weather will perhaps cause those who have more regard for the comfort of their bodies than the welfare of their souls, to prefer their own homes to the house of God. We admire the spirit of a New York Baptist minister who, through conditions that militate ngainst a large congregation, has adopted methods that savor somewhat of vaudeville as aids to get a druwd. Says he to justification of his meth-

"While I do not wholly approve of the introduction of anything that will mer the secredness of oburch worship. I believe in using the best reseas of assembling the people. I believe with Dr. Duff. that eminent presches who once said. 'I would be willing to knock two old shoes together if it would draw a crowd to whom I might preach Jenus Christ.'"

.That is the right idea. We hope our

comrades who may find themselves in circumstances not tavorable to large congregations by orthodox methods will adopt the unorthodox—and ist us know about it.

#### Orusada Against Finery.

A Berlin publisher has set out to do emothing, and we wish him success, but, as the Boot said, "we has our dasts." This wan is organizing b. movement against women's finery. He does not believe in imposing a tax on finery, but proposes a crossed by literature, to be carried on by an international league. The league would circulate pamplitets containing photographs of wamen of Paris, New York, Burlin, London, and other cities, wearing pricaless gowns, and letter press detailing their career and habits, and particularly how and where they spend their money. The size is a good one, and we suppose it is not for us to disparage the power of the pen, but frankly we have but little faith that any change will take place in the way of destroying love for finery in the heart of any unregenerate woman by any other means than the fire of the Hely Chest. Salvation is the sovetsien remedy.

#### A Reign of Terror.

Pittaburg seems to be in a bad way. Three murders, a number of robberies on the highway, accompanied by violence, and at attempt at armoidrion in the record of twenty-four hours. The creatition was a destardly thing. It seems that a married woman, aged mineteen, on entering her flat early in the morning was struck on the hook of her head, the was then drawn towards the sink, forced into a knegting position, and nella driven through har hands into the dynings board of the sink. Such is the greatly of a nature debased by sin.

#### FIVE SOULS AT HALIFAX II.

Our meetings were well attended all the week, and it's souls came to the

All the city corps united on Manday, and it was made the consider of welconting to the city leptain Rollison and Lieut, Barton, the new Decimonth officers. C. O. Miller.

## Leading Events.

New Army Institute.

NOTABLE EXPERIMENTS FOR YOUNG PEOPLE INITIATED IN GLASGOW.

The most notable experiment so far initiated by the Chief of the Staff in the interests of the young people of great Britain is the proposed opening of an institute in Glasgow.

Large numbers of young men and women, especially in the great Soutish city where the tenement system so largely prevaits, are placed at a great social and moral disadvantage in being unable to secure suitable lodgings, and in having no place where they can profitably spend their spare hours.

The proposed institute will do a great deal towards remodying this evil. It is in the mind of the Chief of the Staff to provide means for meeting all the varied requirements of those who make use of the Institute. There will be parlors, a reading room, a landing library furnished with choicest books, a restaurant, dining and tea rooms for permanent boarders, and probably a gymnasium.

An educational branch may also be added, according to our ability to find suitable efficers to undertake the work, and to the requirements and inclinations of the young people themselves.

In addition, sleeping accommodation will be provided for sixty young people.

The institute will be situated in the centre of the dity in one of the principal thoroughlares.

#### Holland's Queen Mother

VISITS AN ARMY HOME FOR CHILDREN.

As we mentioned last week, the Salvation army in Holland has just been honored by a visit from the Queen-Mother to our Children's Home at Naarden. The Queen Mother was attended by a lady and gautleman from the court, and the Burgomester of Nanzden was also present in his official capacity. The party drove up to the door of the house in a carriage and pair, attended by two officials, and the Queon-Mother was introduced to Commissioner Estill and Light. Colonel Government at the entrance of the house. In the reception room Lieut.-Colonel Govnam read a short address of welcome. Her Majesty evinced an enormous amount of interest in everything, asking any mostions about the children, the work of the House, etc. Every room was visit-ed, also the new buildings in the garden, comprising wash-house, work-room, and spall hospital. The children song a wolcome song, consisting of one verse and chorus. This suited the occasion admirably, and this little touch pleased Her Majesty very much. In the garden the children also did a drill, which Hor Majesty stood and watched for several minutes. At the close of the visit, which lasted a tall hour, Her Majesty took a cap of tea and signed the visitors book, and having expressed pleasure with the visit, the party left, the children being drawn up at a convenient point in the garden, and sang a national song as the party drove away. The Queen-Mother and party gave every evidence that the visit hall been highly satisfactory to them. The day was particularly fine, which added to the success of the visit. Commissioner Brilliarranged for some chematograph films to be taken, such as the Queen-Schotter watching the children drill.—British War Cry. drill, which Hor Majesty stood and

# GOMMISSIONER AND MRS.

With Their Newfoundland Troops.

### A HIGHLY PICTURESOUE REPORT BY OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

In Which is Described the Deeply Spiritual Councils-Opening of Bay Roberts' Citadel - Installation of Lieut.-Colonel Rees, the New Provincial Officer-Dedication of Little Grace Eileen Morris-The Commissioners and the Governor.

#### A TOUCHING SEND-OFF AT THE STATION.



HE gracious manifestations of the Spirit of God which we experienced at St. John, N. B., but whethed our appetites for something of the same

kind in Newfoundland. Out genial General Secretary joined us at Truco, coming direct from Toronto. The Commissioner and your humble dust, with Staff-Capt. Morris, the wideawake and hard-working Chancellor, who had come some distance to meet and welcome our leaders, left the train at Avendals, while Mrs. Coombs and the party went on direct to St. John's.

At Bay Roberts.

The Commissioner's Bret engagement took place here. Owing to the train being enveral hours late, our comrades at Poris de Grave were very much disappointed that he could not get through in time to open their new barracks also; but none was more sorry than the Commissioner kinnell. the it was he had to drive twenty miles through the rain, and had a drunken driver to deal with in order to reach Bay Roberts, which he did just in time for the opening ceremony. The new citadel is a beauty, and reflects great crudit upon those who had to do with ila eroction. It has accounmodution for eight hundred people, and on this occasion it was packed, although such a stormy night. Stuff-Capt. Morris lined out the first song. "Corne, comrades doar, who love the Lord." Proyer being offered, the Chancellor in very fitting words introduced their leader. The writer was called upon to sing "Joy-bulls," after which the Commissioner read Holomon's prayer at the opening of the Temple, commenting on the words, "There both not failed one word of all His good promise." The officer in charge, Capt. Harding, as well as the builder and helpers, came in for a word of commandation. A powerful appeal followed, when six more made their way to the mercy seat to make confession for sin. Bay Roberts sol-diery know how to fight for souls; and have the reputation for holding on to the very last. They did so on this because. The income was \$170.

A Wat Walk.

We were very kindly entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Jazdine, old and tried friends of the Array, lovers of God said His people. We had to be up shortly after \$ s.m. to ental the train at Tilton for the city. We were first informed if was 1% miles, then another said 2%; finally we learned it was six miles, and to get there through the pouring rain was no joke, but it is a joy to our brave hearled leader to know and share the difficulties of his people, and this fills trip gere us an idea of some of the men were privileged to be present.

tramps the officers in Kewloundland have to make.

The St. John's Reception.

On our strivel at St. John's the Commissioner received a magnificent reception at the station. Although the vain came down in floods, the officers. band, and soldiers, as well as a numher of friends, were present. The school children sung an ode of webcome to the Commissioner, and Mrs. Coombs, and Staff, as follows:

"Fall of joy we gladly greet you.
Welcome to our midst to-day;
We are honored thos to mest you,
Listen to our happy lay;
Welcome, welcome here to-day,

"In this song of purest feeling, Grateful hearts their love betray, It is most our joys revealing. That we chan't this merry lay, Welcome, welcome here to-day.

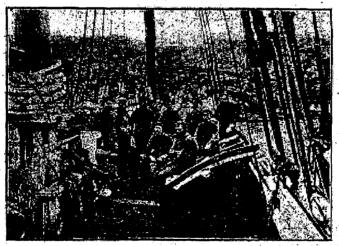
The Commissioner's talks to his outwere most helpful and caunat fail to make better fighters and more successial soul-winners of the one handred officers who were privileged to attend. The last will live long in our memories. How near God came to us while manders gave themselves alresh to Him for the salvation of men and the glory of His name.

A Hearty Welcome.

The Welcome Meeting was held to the citadel. The St. John's soldiery and friends were not behind in expressing their pleasure at having their lenders with them once more. As thay slepped on to the platform there were renewed volleys and clapping of The Chanceltor, in a nest bands. little speech, voiced the feelings of the congregation, and on their behalf warmly welcomed the visitors. The Commissioner replied, after which the writer and his traveling companion, Adjt. Morris, sang together "Where are now those chains that bound nee?"

The General Secretary was called upon for a few words, and this was followed by a most earmest appeal for those who had not nurrendered to the claims of God to do so at once. The Spirit set His seal upon that first meeting, a number knott for deliverance. The battle had commenced, and we were in the thick of it.

Saturday night, rain, rain, rain! It simply came down in torrents, but it did not keep back the soldiers, for had not this been announced as the meeting set apart for them. A splendid crowd of several hundred gathered in the No. I. citadel. The Commissioner spoke as a father to his children. His bearens hung up on every



A Scalar Unionding Her Catch at Her Whart, St. John's.

Ah, may still our welcomes about you When this hour hath passed away, We who love you and revers you, Loudly sing and loudly pray: Welcome, welcome ham to-day,"

The Officers' Ocurselly.

These meetings were of the highest order. The first took the form of a reception to the Provincial Commander. Lieut Colonal Gankin, Statt Capt. Morris and the writer, on behalf of the officers present, extended a very werm welcome to Lieut. Colonel Bees. The Colonel expressed himself as being delighted to work under the Commissioner again. He declared he had brought his heart with him. Before he had finished speaking it was manijest that he had captured every officer, There were five Councils all told, and such assured to be botter than the preceding one. Mrs. Counts address touched all bearie, hand being moved to lears, and although baths directed

specially to the women officers, the

word. Lieut. Culonal Ross versioned a splendid welcome. As the writer draw the meeting to a close more than a score of hearts and lives were laid at the Muster's feet for cleansing and service. .

The Sunday's Meetings.

The morning meating, in the writer's opinion, stands out as one of the best of the whole series. Beveral hundred were present. The Holy Spirit was wonderfully fell and hearts were softsaid and subdard by Ris mellowing influence. Tears glistened in many over as the Commissioner dedicated to the Lord and the Army the Provincial baby, Grace Elicen Mornis. Both the Staff Captain and Mrs. Morris testified that their decire was that it might grow up to be a winner of souls. We dure to balleve she will. One after an-other they came forward for healing and obsaming. But the results of the effort cannot be messayed only by what we saw at the mercy sent.

(Continued on page 11.)

## CHIEF SEGRETARY'S NO

The crisp morning air, and white troat on the roofs and window panes. reminds us that the festive Christmas senson is drawing near. The Army must begin to propage for its Christwas efforts to listing chost to the cheerless opes in the cities of Canada. Last year thousands were led and comforted through our agoncy, and this year, we trust, even a greater work will be accomplished in this direction. The Provincial Officers will be making cluborate proparations no doubt. It will make the Christman dinner of the well-to-do more enjoyable to know that the poor also have some snjoyment and comfort.

Following the Christman celebrations will be the Winter Campaign, during January and Pebruary. This also is under consideration. hoping this year, to do better time heretofore. The Commissioner has in his mind some traveling companies, to specialty conduct soul-saving campaigns. It is the business of the Salvation Army to save sinners and we progs not be diverted from it by any means. The material ministrations of our organization are very useful and notable, but we must keep the salvation of souls to the fore. The Winter Campaign presents excellent oppor-tunity for the development of the genius of our people in devising new schemes for pushing the war.

The alteration in the dress of our Young Soldier newspaper is postponed. until the New Year. It was thought we could have brought it not in November, but certain things have teamspired to provent this arrangement being earried out. Our young people may look forward to a beautiful paper at the beginning of the New Year. Of course it will be nuccessary to increase the circulation to most the additional expense that will be entailed in its production. I am pleased to say that already Brigadier Burdly has sent an increased order, or well as Brigadier Turner, of the Eastern Province. No doubt the other P. O's will follow suit. We need writers who can introduce subjects spitable for the children and young people. We must put plenty of life and originality hate the new paper. It would be pice if the young people and local officers would communicate at once with the Editor that own views on the matter. especially those who are able to write for its columns.

### Australia's Self-Denial Total.

A GOOD ADVANCE.

The Australasian Self-Denial total appoints to \$152,500. This is \$8,000 more than last year. We heartily congratulate Commissioner McKie and the comrades under the Southern Orons on the advance made, and on having left the \$150,000 mark behind.

#### AT THE AMERICAN BOO.

Major Rawling lately visited the American See, and hell a blessed mosting. Adjt. Hyde and his band boys. came over to saist, and our bearts were much cheered by one young oro-

men coming to God.

The holders have wormly welcomed
Adjt and birs blaces.

Men. Watson and little Bell Ships.

gons to their home in alberta.

# THE WEEK-END'S DESPATCH

## YOU SHOULD READ THIS PAGE.

Contemplated Murder is Prevented - Drunkards are Saved - Wife Deserters Write to Wives-Enmity is Turned to Love. and Many Modern Miracles Have Been Wrought During this Week-end.

ON FIRE IN THE NORTH END.

Thank God the fire is still burning brightly at Yerkville. We are in the midst of a revival, and since the Coardle we have indeed but some wonderful times. East Friday night we were bouved by the presence of Colond and Mrs. Kyle. Their talks on haltness were indeed inspiring and helpful a all

these were introductionally the control of Cadets, in charge of South Snekgrove, who are adding very muterially to our

success. For the past two weeks our officers have been ably assisted by Mrs. Cupt. Calvert, who a tew years ago had thatge of our corps. It chears our hearts to see her and to hear her again. She has not lest any of her off-time currestness for the salvation of souls,

The result of the last two weeks' fight is lifteen souls at the merry seal.

J. E. Jarvin.

#### GOD MOVED THE CROWD.

#### Right Surrendered at London.

It was with a great deal of expecta-tion that we looked forward to the Senday's meetings, and we were not disappointed. The weather was Sunday's meetings, and we were not disappointed. The weather was much more favorable than it had been, and a very good crowd gathered at the stoe-drill, and one soul came forward for the blessing. Crowds were very good all day, while at night the citadel was alocy filled. This meeting proved to be the lattle of the day, but the suddiers kept well to their guess. The Spirit of God moved upon the crowdagain to took moved upon 110 crown and one by one they came until right were kneeling side by side. Needless to say the meeting closed amid the shouts of praises and thanksgiving to God.—J. C. H.

#### FIRE, FAITH, AND ENTERPRISE.

Cat. and Mrs. Hunngan and Capt. Bellow were at Ochawa for the week-end: Meetings were had in that Town Hull; and in spite of inciencent weather good erowds attended. The sluging and speaking of the specials was very inspiring. Ensign Baird is full if the fall, and ensigning the spite and the spite of th very inspiring. Engign Baird is furnity of the faith, and enterprise. Two macame to God in the right meeting.

#### BAND SUNDAY.

#### Music and Salvation.

St. Catharines, it being Band Sunday, Brigadier Collief came down to conduct the services. On Saturday night an excellent program of small was rendered. The Brigadiar occupied the cludy, and complimented the band highly on the progress they had made, especially making mention of the leading cornelist, Master George Pike. He then spoke in glowing terms on the work in which he is at present energed.

On Sunday alternoon some bands-On Sushay atternoon some unitar-men and sergosaits were constitutioned, and at night two children were dedi-cated to God and the Army, and at the close two souls knell at the mercy seat.—C. M. D.

#### TWO MINISTERS SPEAK.

Adlt, and Mrs. Wiggins have been armly welcomed to Peterbers. We are well pienased with them. They seem interested in everything and everybody.

The band and soldiers met them at the station on Thursday and escorted them to the barracks. Sergt Major Brooks undertook the duty of introducing the officers to everyone present and a rouning welcome was accorded them.

On Sunday atternoon Rev. Mr. Brown spoke in our meeting, and at night Rev. Mr. St. Dalmas addressed us. Both of them are attending the Haptist Conference in this city, and their words were of much blessing to us. Cambris.

#### BUILDING THE WALLS.

Everybody is on the move now at Medicine that. Adjt. Barr, the Financial Special, has been raising funds for the new harracks, and with the assistance of Father Evans and Sixter Kylz, has done very well. Busign Lacey is bosy building the walks of the new halt, which are now ten feet high, and are going up to sixteen feet. Two headered new chairs are on their way here, and Knaim Charlton is hopeful that they will be all alled during the winter campaign.—Constructor,

Fifteen souls have come out this week at the Temple, some for pardon and absorption believes. The preyer meeting on Sunday was co-companied three-times on account of peniturial coming to the mercy seat.

We have spent our first week-end at this corps. The soldiers and itiends have given us a splendid welvener, and we leef we are set down amongst a warra-hearted people.

The soldiers did well in conducting the most ings while the officers were in Toronto, and in spite of the fact that many of the leading locals were there also.

ther worthy Sagratary shouldered a bundle of fifty War Crys and want "Pub" becoming on the Saturday afternoon, and came back sold out and with much blessing in his sool. This was his first attempt. What will be do next time? Adjt, and Mrs. Habicirk called in to see us on their way to London, and the city had a visit from Lieut. Colonel Kitching, of London, Eng., for a few hours, accompanied by Brigadian Rowell.

hours, accompanied by Briganian Howell. Hollings Campaign is the thems now—Adjt. and Mrs. Bloss.

#### A WEEK OF BOUL-BAVING.

Under the leadership of Captain. Thompson and Lieut, Mercer the Holiness Campaign at Scritch's Falls is going torward vigorously. On Friday night one soul kneft at the cross, and five more eams to Christ en Sunday right. Two others sought salvation on Monday, and two came out for a stem heart on Tuesday.

On Thursday a remarkable testimony meeting was held. As many as ten were on their feet at once, all eager to tell of what God had done for them. At the close three souls sought salvation and three a clean heart.—W. L. G.

#### A HEARTY WELCOME.

A fine welcome awaited Capt. Chialett and Liout. Sanderson on their return to New Liskears from the Toronto
Councils. The sphilers had arranged
a tag meeting, and about twenty and
down to enjoy the repart. The Captain epoke to those present in a very
impressive meaning, and the Lieutenant also made a mark on the people
by her few words.

Sister Mitchell, late of Yorkville,
has come to join the ranks here, and
is proving quite a blessing to everyone.—Topty.

### CONFESSION RESULTED IN

A heart-searching moldiers' consecra-tion meeting was held at Charlotte-town recently. It led to much con-tession, but resulted in great blessing. We shall be the better for it in our lives and also in the measure and quality of our service to the Master.

Clargyman Speak Highly of Army,

Limit.-Colonel and Mrs. Gaskin paid

Lieut.-Colonel and Mrs. Gaskin paid us a week-end visit at Paris, and we had a reak blessed time. Seven young men came forward in the holiness meeting for consecration.

In the aftermoon the General Secretary gave an address on the Sulvation Army. Mayor Patterson very ably filled the clair, and the Rava. Megath and Bingham spoke very highly of our work. A splendid crowd came is the night meeting, and our income was double the average.

#### PROMOTION AT REGINA.

"Finis off to our new Ensign! Captain no more, our C. O. has been the recipient of many congratulations on her promotion. The conventes with Ensign a long carves of continued assistances. Our P. O. paid us a visit on Thursday, Nov. Ist, in connection with the anticipated visit of our Commissioner, who is assured of a frue western welcome.—B. B.

#### TWO FOR HOLINESS.

The new officers have taken hold at Omeres, and are in fer victory. Engine Poole came along recently, and gave us a very interesting service entitled "Ten Kighte in a Bar-Room." It was very much apprainted.

At the holiness meeting on Bunday one soul came forward for esnetting and during the week another claimed the victory. "A. M. F. C.

#### THE BEST YET.

Good day all day yesterday no Nessen, B.C. God was with us in

mighty power.

Five smalls out for sanctification in the hollness meeting, and four souls out last night, making aims for the

out less hight, making mino to and day.

Record open-nir attendance, also indeer attendance, and finances, best yet.

Converts are taking their stand for God and soldiers are on firs for souls.

It God be all the glory:—G. H. J.

#### MANY SOULS FIND PEACE.

Halitax II.—On Sunday, Ont 14th, the meetings were led by Capt. M. Burgess, and resulted in the salvation of one soot.

On Thenksgiving night Lieub Clark and the Derimouth countailss united with this corps for a spealal demonstration, consisting of soons, radiations, and selections by the string band. In the prayer meeting which followed, six sauls sought peace at the cross.—Ranger.

Staff-Copt. and Mrs. Miller were at Parliament St. on the 6th, and had a vary intersating meeting. The Staff-Captain was in a reminiscant mood, and related many amendates of his suly life. Mrs. Miller space forcibly on beart holimses, C.-C. Freeman accompanied them and song a solo, alterwards going fishing in the prayer meeting and bringing three little girls to the pentium force. Quite a powerful influence was fall and five desired our prayers.

ful infinence was left and live centers our prayers.

On Sunday the meetings were well attended all day, and there was much in the presence of God felt.

One hrother came to Christ in the bolinets meeting weeping hitterly over past fallures, and a man said his wife-treat at the penitum form at night, while many others were deeply convicted.

StaB-Capt. Attwell-was at Yorkville on Banday and powerful meeting, were hald; resulting in ten-scale seeking salvation. The ball was acquided and many had to be turned qway.

Splendid wesk-end meetings at Lippincett, led by Adjk Brotish. Many were convicted and three visited to God. Bandamen and Cadets longht well.

alter returned to God.

The officer at Websakiwin has come there. Debney has been hearly well-ducted two masternes in school losings, comist at Kingsville. The disadily with good results. The came to think meeting, were of a deeply spiritual in one meeting and one said to be character, and many souls were under prayed for in the other.

Orangavilla has been stirted by the wint of the Young Revivalists from T. H. Q. The growds and interest were good, and officers and soldiers were much snowraged. The dying massages in a song gripped the hearts of the people, and two souls, a brother and sister, sought salvation. In the afternoon some ranche parts of the town were visited. A maching was slao conducted in the jail by Capit. Heberden, and Fattenden, while Russign Peacock conducted a meeting lot the juniors.

Adjt. Owen reports a wonderful time at Deverceurt. The half was filled and seven souls came out for sanctification and three for salvation.

Ensign Paole was at Hamilton 11, with his service on Nov. 4th, and had a very good time. The junior work is just starting at this corps and prospects are bright for its future.

Lient: Tuck has farswelled from Cettle's Gove, after twelve months' falthfut service. During his stay many south south Christ, and he was a bleasing to all.

Lieuts, King and Pearson, were at Weststeek, Ont. on Sunday. They, had a blessed time, and one back-alider returned to God.

## Newsy Items.

Capt, and Mrs. Beally have been duly velcomed at Newmarket, and are experiencing times of bleasing,—G. Glimpson.

Bind-Captain and Mrs. McLeen are huseling stound their Division. They receptly paid a visit to Hamilton 11, and in the receiping they conducted two souls sought Christ, The singing of Mrs. McLeen and Lieut. Pollit was much enjoyed.

An enredment was held at Catgary on the 4th. The corps is growing, and the Heliness Campaign proving a blessing to many souls.

Brigadise Hargravs, seconspunded by Adjt. Sims and Capt. Owen, visited Odessa and endeavored to shake things up a bit those. Much conviction was marked amongst some present at the meetings.

Engign Elichie has bud a good be-signing at St. John 111. Two souls came to Christ on Friday night, and tour more on Sunday.

An enrolment of recruits has taken place at Burin, and two more courseles have taken their stand in the Army. Licut. Packbarn has farewelled. In his fixer service three sools sought salvation.

A number of B. O. L. members and juntor workers from the Teniple reantly visited Aurers to give a special service. Adjt. McEllieney presided and everything went of well. After some some und recitations, the comrades gave sketches entitled "Reneus the Perishing," and "Patta, Hops, and Charity." It was a great help to the come back at any time.

Ensign and lifes. Gillam were at this corps for the weekend. With his normat and guitar the Ensign flew a good coord in the openair, and the attendance at the inside meetings was larger than rumal. At night the Ensign took for his subject. "The marderse's confession," and apoke with much power. Finances well above the average.

The officers at Surebury are holding cottage prayer meetings, and God is blossing their efforts by saving spuls. Savers have knell at Jeson'i feet, and faith is high for a good winter's wark.

Capt. Loveless has farewalled from St. John's 1th. During her stay somes at souls sought the Savieur. Capt. Grandy took the meeting on Manday, and four souls came to Christ.

### Territorial Tit-Bits.

The noted Bowery Corps in New York has just had a good reasing-up owing to a little difficulty over apanner stands. The unthorities stood by the Army and we came out on tap. The difficulty enused the compules to show up to open-air in larger numbers than for some time past. 2

On the occasion of a great Thanksgiving Field Day at Gree Schuur, Snoth Africa, Ensign Williams, of Middleburg, reported that Eny-three suchs had been converted since the opening of the corps eight mouths ago, and the unifority were standing true. Quite a number had already been enlisted as Salvationists.

Capt. Rock has just taken up ber duties at Colon, l'amanda. The rela poured in toeroute the first Sanday, but during the week there were thirteen against, and on the following Sanday six more came out. The Captain's faith is high for a good soulsaving work on the isthmus.

Witho on a veyage from Trinided to Antique, one of our officers simpled off at Dominica and got in touch with the Editor of a local paper. This gon-tieman had followed the recomments of the S. A. for many years, and we convinced that the Atmy is needed in Dominica.

Concerning his travels in Jameica the General Secretary for the West Indias relates the following incident: "Just as the shades of night commenced to fall the nound of hearty singing, accompanied by the thumping of drums proclaimed the arrival of the commenced from the districts ground, and a few minutes later found us the centre of a splendid crowd of about 400 people. The singing was really grand, the order perfect, and we had a splendid time, winding up with two dear men at the dram-head for salvation,"

Adjt. Winters, of Hawsit, recently took a trip through the islands, and at Kilaneo conducted the innerel service of a Koran. It was held at night-onder a staticus sky, and seven, south at the graveside to claim Christ as their flaviour.

Joe Carroll, of Honolulu corps, wee, before his conversion, a drunkard, gamblar and pirate. He was saved white serying a term in the pentantary, and has been a good sabdier for years. The Army has just celebrated its 12th anniversary there.

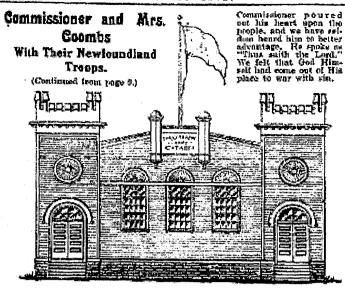
From the Cirl's Home at Besumont, Australia, an officer writes as follows: "We have a continual revival since the Congress specings. Recess time is invariably specified by the

invariantly speak by an extra in prayer must lines. It is a beautiful sight to have a peap in at them, with their dear, earnest inces uplified in prayer."

#### WINNING THE PEOPLE.

Staff Capt. Goodwin and Capt. Crossman have won the hearts of the people of Windoor. They stand in crowds at the open-air sexvices and come in good numbers to the bar-

orier and come in good numbers to the barracks. On Sunday, Oat. 2.
Oght souls name to 
Jeans. They are doing 
well. Five more came 
out in the hollossameeting on Friday, 
which was a melling, 
time, and two more 
sought the Savious the 
following Sunday, 
Easign Errards was 
with us for the week, 
pend, with his interesting service entitled, 
"The Roy Martyr."



Front Elevation of the Bay Roberts Barracks.

Front Elevation of the Sheets, still it did not linder the crowds from attending the afternoon service. I verily believe they would come through fire sud thood to hear the Commissioner. The Methodish College Holl, the largest on the island, had been secured, and this was well on filled: It had been amounced that the New Provincial Communder would be installed. As the Colomel and his eldest daughter stood beneath the fing to the rery death. This absent one—Mrs. Rees, who was three months ago promoted to Glory—was not forgotten. Misry were visibly moved as Miss Rees made some bouching references to her sainted mother's heautiful example. She carries with her and treasures the colors under which her mother died.

Lieut-Colonal Gaskin welcomed Colonal Bees on behalf of the Tartitorial Headquarters and Staff. and Staff. Capit. Morris for Newfoundland. The Colonal received a magnificent welcomes, and completally captured everybody by the spleadid address he gave utterance to. It was a genul sight to see seventeen men and women from different parts of the building make their way to the mercy scaft, for pardon, cleanastry, and service.

At night the grout hall was packed in every part. The congregation heartily sang the opening hymn, and while Mrs. Coombs invoked God's blessing upon the service a scleam hush was pleaded for the salvation of man and the realcoration of heaksidars. Adjt. Morris and the writer sang "Why not any Yes to night?" after which the



. Bir Robert Bond, Premier of Newfoundland.

Eay Hoberts Barracks.

To our surprise, the prayer meeting ran a bit beauty, still we are confident the truth was as a neal fastened in a sure place. The after-meeting was real featedned, and we had the joy of hearing a number cry for mercy, and mercy was treely given. Hallalusiah!

Minday night the College Hall was gorged, and several hundred of peoplewere turned away weefully disappointed that we had no room for them. The service itself was of the most powerful character. So much was the huge congrigation wrength upon that there were few dry eyes in the place. At the close of the service a dozen stood to their feet in response to an earnest on the feet with the close of the service a dozen stood to their feet in response to an earnest on

the close of the service a dozen stood to their test in response to an earnest appeal. The St. John's Hernid gave a lengthy account of the meeting. The Commissioner lengthed with the Governor, Sir Wan. McGregor, and his lady, who are deeply interested in the work of the Army on the stand. Sir William expressed bis regret that owing to a princ engagement he was unable to be present at the Sanday night service, but hopes he will be able to stand at the Commissioner's next visit to the island.

The Sandest.

It was a most affectionate send-off, at the station on Thursday avening which the dayoted Newtoundland troops gave the Commissioners and their Staff. We same together "We'll all guther home in the morning." There was a hump in more than one throat as the train pulled-out. Commissioner and Mrs. Combes and Adjudents were kindly entertained at the Chancellor's, while hiert-Colous Guakin and myself were well tooked after by Adjt. and Mrs. Cameron.

Owing to the severe storms of wind and rain our train was delayed eight hours, consequently we missed our connections at Sydney, but it is an ill wind that blows nobody any good. The Commissioner decided to do a meeting here, which was made, in the hands of God, a hiersing to the corps and officers. Bix fields at lost the severe laid at His dear lost.

At the time of writing we are posting on towards the Territorial Hand-quarters, full of falth for still mightless times for the Commissioner's great western tour.—Lieut-Colonel Pupuire.

#### PLAYED MUSIC ON THEIR HANDS

Capt. Planter has arrived at Kenera to assist Capt. Oake, and is highly pleased with the place, and hopeful live a good soul-seving time there. A good crowd casts to the welcome meeting.

A special "go" took place, when everythedy because

ing.
A special "go" took place, when everyhody brought a pound of something good, and quite a program of music and singing was rendered, capt. Pleuter give selections on the violin, mandalin, and benga, and also played music on his hards, which was putter in the proceedings had been conventing the Manday previous.

## Glimpse at the World.

Emigration bushines from Liverpool to Canada, up to the end of tictober constitute a record.

Mr. Robert Knex, a young farmer of Thansesford, was dragged by big horse and fatally injured.

The Governor of Sandwich Juli has received notice of dismired by con-mection with the solicide of Chris, Spindleman in the jail.

The stemmers Fine and Symm, con-certaing which there has been much anxiety, have both turned up sufely. The Symta has resolved Montreal.

Copt. Griffin, of the stemmer Prin-cess Victoria, which ran down a terry stoomer near Vancouver, has been ac-quitted of the charge of manufaughter.

An official of the Contario Bank testi-fied before the Police Magierata that he had laft the employment of the bunk because he had to sign fulse sixtements.

Governors of the University of To-rouse has decided to establish a fundity of citonation in the university, and to build and materians model, high, and public schools in co-opera-tics with the Turonic Board of Educa-lion and the Outgrio Education De-markment. artment.

It is said that the Duke of Con-naught, Inspector - General of the Forces, will make an official tour of Canada, after visiting the Far East. He will be accompanied by the Duke starts on his long peat month.

In the death of Mrs. Darby Mor-rison, of Montagee, just reported, probably the alrest person in Ontario passed away. She was born in fligo, reignd, almost not years ago. She then with her daughter, and up to a few wester ago was remarkably amore and active.

#### FOREIGN.

A Swedish lightenent is said to have invested a wireless telephone.

The French Treasury report shows a deficit of \$35,000,000 for the yest.

A San Francisco criminal has con-lessed to a large number of murden and robberies.

In France the churches and buildings in which the clurgy refuse to comply with the new law are to become the property of the state.

President Roccovelt has dismissed in disgrace a battallon of colored troops because they refused to disclose the identity of a murderer smoon thom.

The trustees of the Peace Police at the Hague six to be such for accepting a plan which it is said will cost to construct twice the amount given by Mr. Carnegle.

Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan has imported the most complete set in existence of the original manuscripts and letters of Bobert Borns. They have cost him, 

The tonnage passage through the Sault counts has received that of last year by 194,000 tons, and doubles that of 1000. The tunnage for last month was 7,000,000, the greatest in the con-

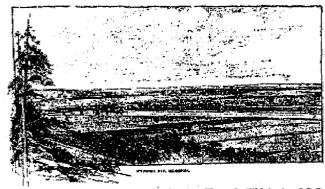
A militionalise banker in New York recently addennis aware not to work for less than adventy cards an hour, and never to have anything to do with a non-union job. The union workment and he would do it before he could be permitted to be, the corner-stone of a new synage on.

Missioner: a report a most severe famine in the rorthern part of Klang Sir Province, cantral Guina. It is extinuated that ten million people face statewatch. Local magistantes are prevention, but sive toking to stope to provide them with fined supplies. Serious disorders are feared.

There is a ment famine in Corrange. There is a meat famine in Gormany, a suared by foreign meat being burred in out since the packing-bouse scars, the court is the court of the packing-bouse scars, the court is the court of the court in the court is a director in the court is the court of the court is the court of the court is the court of the court in the court is the court of the court is the court of the court of the court is the court of the court is the court of the court in the court is the court of the court in the court in the court is the court in the court i

## The Canadian Pacific Railway.

THE STORY OF THE GIANT SUCCESS OF A GREAT CANADIAN ENTERPRISE.



These Outs Show the Difference in the Country Through Which the C.P.R. Runs.

HE unexampled degree of success which marks the operations of the C.P.R. has at almost stamping effect upon the mind.

There is an income of \$200,000 per day. There will be almost insuediately an annual revenue of \$100,000.

There

There is an ocean and take fleet which number, all told, some fifty vessels, to which additions are being constantly made. There is a chain of big modern hotels from ocean to

of big modern hotels from ocean to ocean.

There is a read-hed which counts something like 12,000 miles, and which is being rapidly duplicated.

At the head of this corporation are some of the ablest and braining men in the world. Amongst its stockholders are the most eminent annitalists and emplayed in the consideration of industry to be found on this considerat.

#### Completed First Twenty-Five Years.

Completed First Twenty-Five Years.

The C.P.B., which has just completed its first quarter of a contany, and has signalized that event by an increase in the dividend, distermined upon at the record anneal meeting, beld in the magnificant heard-room of the company in the commercial metropolis of the company in the commercial metropolis of the commercy, conducted its affairs, in 1884, in a series of stuffy little rooms.

The staff was small. An air of peasings hang about the place. It looked as though a flitting might take place at any moment.

The papers were strewn about. Lord

The papers were strewn about. Lord Mount-Stephen—then known as Sir George Stephen—sat in a dingy little office, carrying on the somewhat nebulous datles of president. Mr. William Yan Hoto, as he was then known, had been appointed general manager.

All was in the making. No hint of curiainty was in any voice or ere. The line was still incomplete. The last wilks had not been driven in the connecting links. Prophets of evil saw nathing but dissert for the new com-

ir will never earn axle greeze,"

and the oroskers.

The Northwest was a wilderness, antrodden and almost unknown. The general population was small; industries few; trate languished; and the stockes to the United States was in full operation.

#### A Strenueus Enrly Time.

Sir William Van Horne has more than once recalled that sariy time,

our william yan horns has more then once recelled that early time, when it segmed almost impossible that success could attend the enterprise-when the efforts were hercalean, and the heads of departments had all too literally to take off thair coarts.
One could have seen the president anxioosity abodying the map, or the general manager, Mr. Van Herne, tien a good deal allumer than he is now, directing the men under him, with a cartain suppressed burry and engenness; or hir, healthooli, the assistant postenger agent, not during to lethis might think of large things, in changes on with the nery institution, which, though it had received the western portion of the system as a gift, and twenty-five mittion areas of

land, was unable, during its first years, to pay its sumployees.

Aft. Thomas Shangimensy was the parchasing agent them. Whether he dreamed of greatness is not known, but in contrasting the part with the present, his office and the duties appearaning there bulked but poorty in the regard.

#### Northwest Came Into Notice.

The Northwest began to be spoken of. Lord Strethcone had driven in the last spike of the rails, which made one system out of disconnected parts. A flambount note began to be struck. The company began to advertise in that daring way in which it has con-

such dividends as would prove the company to be the best dividend carror in the Dominion.

The official heads of the company all gained courage. When one went into the offices of the Imperial Building, he officials were hopefully best. Not a few of them worked with their coals off. Mr. McNicoll was very much in catoost, and manifestly considered that there was a future for the company and himself. Mr. Shaughnessy begin to show the energy which he still discloses in the larger place.

#### Full of Enthusiasm.

Full of Enthusiasm.

Happily, the men were young, full of life and enthusiasm, and it is the habit of youth to believe greatly.

A time came when Lord Mount-stephen felt he ingit commit the company to the keeping of Sir William You Horne, when Lord Strathcone was no longer necessary at the manual meetings to measure deprensed stockinders.

Mr. McNicoll moved up, Mr. Shanghnessy became assistant to the peneral manager.

The men graw with added power and duty. Sir William Van Horne became president, and Mr. Shaughnessy vice-president and general manager. The new station, the new general manager. The new station, the new general offices, were built. The building was thought to be a daring demand upon the lubure. It is new considered as a small steeling of a vast streadare which will reach to St. Antoine and Mountain Streets.

The city gave a gift to the company in the East End, worth a million deliars. The company said "Thanks ; but this is the goot of station and hotel we will besid in swery large centre in the country."

#### Began Medern Roadbad.

The first token of absolute perman-ency was noted when the company began to replace its first tractle work in the west with a modern roadled



The Great Glacier of the Salkirks.

The Great Glecis thused with such success. "Grub galore" and "Fit for a Prince," in starting characters all over the country, and at the reliway stations on the European continent, was periagic a little crude, and there is less now of alliteration and more of polish; but the trocolent characters worked their way into the knowledge of the people, and the C.P.R. began to be talked about. The Covernment of the day inaugurated as immigration policy, and the C.P.R. followed sait by satabilishing agencies all over Europe.

Began'to Get on Its Feet. "

Began to Gat on its feet.

The road buyon to get on its test.

The employees still had an anxions time, and read home more than once at the middle of the month without their salaries. Also, a persain surplen which was confidently ameaned proved to be a myth, and in the daily press, in pictorial cirtline, Mr. Clouston, of the Hank of Montreal, could be seen in the wants wainly looking for a circlust which had no actual existence.

Chasred Up-Dropping Spirits.

Choosed Up-Dresping Spirits.
Lord Mount-Stephen still had to my
eanouraging words to cheer the drooping spirits of the shareholdism. Lord
Stratagons had still to gome across the
kitanics to tall the shareholdism meeting
that although there was no dividend,
there would be in the near future, and

and steel bridges. It was felt that all anxiety might now be alleyed in respect to the success of the enterprise. The foot falls addly now upon velves exputs in the board-room of the company. The private offices of the great officials strike, in that appointments, the note of elegance. As one rises with fortune or position, the sense of security and opulance makes at once for confidence and measured speech.—The Rendard.

#### BRIGADIER SMEETON AT FERNIE.

A Double Event, and Fourteen Recruite Enrelled.

At Farmle we are having great times, and soulk are being saved.

Brigndier Smeeton, the P. O., recently puid as a visit. Quite an event. The band and Bongalear met him at the station. We had reusing meatings. The Brigadier expressed his delight at the condition of the corps and the solid progress; made.

A double wedding succeeded in filling the largest hall in the city; and the hangust was a great encous.

Fourteen recruits were also worrelled since. Bir souls have soight solvention.—B., for Capt. and Mrs. Laid.

with my reader.

We have received many encouraging communications from rearrades respecting the new form of the War Cry, and the following may be regarded as ammples of the whole. All have been favorable:—

een favorable:—
"Donr Editor,—Both Mrs. Howelt and myself think the latest issue of the War Cry to be an exceptionally good one. Our soldiers have made mainy kindly comments upon the paper. The new features included are very interesting and will help the obreatsten.

Francis Howelk, Adja."

The case the Cry is first in land.

Transis Howell, Adj."
The new War Cry is just to hand.
I think it is splendid, and will help the sales very materially. The catchy style in which the matter is set up is, to my mind, just what Canadiana like. Wishing you every success, Frod R. Bloss, Adjt. Fro succouragement received, both by letter and word of mouth, thanks, commades all.

Have you read the previous chapters of our serial story? If you have not us serial story? If you have not us serial serial this week's installment. It is a stirring story of temptation, burglary, errect, and imprisonment. We me very nurious that our readers should read this narrative, which appears week by wask, as it shows up its a wonderful manner what the grane of God can necomplish, and, incidently, how snocessfully the Salvation Army conducts its operations emongst discharged prisoners. If you have read it we should very much like to know what you think of it. Drop us a line.

Brop us a time.

By the way, what do you do with your War Gry after you have read it? We haved a good story the other day concerning the Social Gazette, the organ of the Social Gazette, the organ of the Social Work of the Army published in England. This is it in all soldier of the King, whose services had been remembed, by a grateful country with a modest pennion, and who lived in the East End of London, was accustomed; when the days were bright and astony, to sli in one of the burying grounds which are to be found in all sorts of out-of-the-way corrests of the city. He was not a converted man, but bud a great admiration for the Social Work of the Army and was toud of reading the Social Gazette, which he used to take with him to the burying ground, where he could sit under the trees and read or wakel the socy, savey aparrows at play. play.

He sat one day on his accustomed seak when a trowsy, down-at-the-heel young man come and eat on the same bench. The old pensioner had read his copy of the Boolel Gasette, and as he was leaving handed it to the young man with the remark that there was some good reading in it. The young man took the journal and began to persee its contents. The old pensioner went to his humble home.

. Next day the old pensioner again sought his acoustomed seat, and to his surprise found it occupied by the young man of the day previous, who, after greatings had been exhanged, said that he had read the paper given to him yesterday, and had liked it well. He had read in it he slovy of a prodigal son, and what was more he had done as even that prodigal had done, for on the evening previous he had span to the Salvation army Shaher and had openly come out to the mercy seat for salvation. He was going to return to his friends that day.

At the sid manuset he thought and thought. Then he dame to this sensible conclusion that if telvation was good for that young man, and for the other people he had read about, there ought to be something in it for him at any rate, he made up his mind that he would try it. That night he went to the neighboring slum corps, made his peace whit the Lord, and is a good soldier of his King of kings to that. The inertal of all stills is: When you have read the War Cry, pass it out or, better still, find a customer for mother copy.

## "What the Law Could Not Do.

-- OUR NEW SERIAL . ....

EDITOR'S NOTE.—This is on exciting instalment. If you have not read the proceeding chapters you can begin right here. The summary will give the girt of what has already appeared.

Summary of Preceding Chapter.

The parents of Charles Overton dia when he is very young. He is taken care of by his grandparents. His grandmother is a Christian, and suffers from a canow in the breast. The grandfather is addicted to drink, and as a very ill-tempered old man. He does not treat Charles kindly. When Charles was fourteen years of age, his grandfather gave him a server horsewhipping. Charles was sent to the garden to sort potatoes, during

which time his grandenether dies of shock caused by the castigation be has land. The grandfather uppears in the garden, again whips Charles, who flees into the lause not knowing that his grandfather pursues him, and in his anger larkes the dead woman in the free. This rowes a tempest of passion in Charles, and he laufe, a theavy poler at his grandfather, and branks his leg. Charles is turned out of doors.

Charles successfully negotiated his way through the public-nonse, and over the wall.

He was provided with a strong pecket-knife with which he endeavored to remove a panel from the door. His First "Job."

It was his first "job," and his heart was not in it. His nerves were all on the jump. He happened to be know-ing down cutting away the rabbets from the door, as steadily as his

He also discovered a cash-box. He sweet watches, rings, and jewellery of all limbs from the window and sheuches, into a lanther long, and implementations. He succeeded in entering the drinking har next door without being seen on any quantitorized pre-prises.

mises. Charles colled for a glass of bandy. He was as white as a glass, and his lauds trembled as with ague. The borrand boked at him.

"You look dreadfal," she replied; "drink your liegar and go lome." "I will," said Charles. He guiped down the flory fluid and went.

"This is the first and last time for me," Charles said to himself, as he returned to his indigings. "Another such doing would kill me. I would not go through it again for a ferture."

#### Chapter III. THE TRAITORESS.

"You have done well, Churles," said Mrs. Brown, as ahe mir-veyed the glistering erray speed out on the table. "A few more jobe" like this and our tortunes are made. There are \$1.400 here for us, it there is a pumy. We must get rid of it as som an possible. I shall keep this though, and this, and this, add slie, making a selection of rings.



Listening to the Temptrees.

Not a had hand, but it robbed Charles of seven years of his liberty, and caused him great suffering.

As may be imagined, with such a sum of money at her disposal, birs. Brown had "a high old time." In fact, she corried on he such a style that the neighbors began to wonder how sice could do it, and to talk. She, therefore, thought it wise to take a house in another neighborhood.

The number of globular sovereigns began to get less.

The life is now lived caused Charles to grow more hardened.

#### The Second Burglary.

The Second Burgiary.

Mrs. Becom suggested a visit to another artificialment.

Charles agreed.

The building was sesser to "do," but the spells were less, the piunder realizing about \$300. One iteel was a large inverses clock, which him. Brown piedged at a pawn-shop.

This cleak led to hier undoing, for the pawn-broker's assistant, on folding up the garment, heard a ring cruckle proceed from it. He felt the clock where the crackle was beard, and senseling with responded to his bruch. He directed the attention of his employer to the matter. Then then unripped the liming and a new £5-nots was exposed to view.

The pawn-broker had a nolion that there was something wrong about the affair, and advertised the clock and note in a daily paper. A member of the burgled from called, he identified the dook as hid, and gave the direct number of the bank-note.

When Mrs. Brown visited the pawn-shop again, the assistant immediately examinanted with the police, and two discretives accompanied this lady in her house.

Charles was in the house when Mrs. Brown arrived, and he was surerrised.

to her house. Charles was in the house when Mrs. Brown arrived, and ho was surprised to see her return home spoonsaried by two man; but he was still move surprised, however, when Mrs. Brown pointed towards him and said. Thus is the man who gave me the cloak!"

#### \*\* Copped.\*\*

Be surprised was he that he could make no resistance when the hand-ones were snapped upon his write.

Charles was arrested and lodged in prison and so was Mrs. Brown.

At the trial Churkes was bound guilty of burglary, and Mrs. Breyn of being an ecosmolies, and an accessory before and effer the fact.

In view of his youth he was sen-med to filteen months' imprisonment.

Mrs. Brown was sentenced to a term of nine smooths' imprisonment.

of nine mooths' impresoment.

The dreary days of confinement relied slowly by. But at last the day of bis release came round. He discussed the prison garb, and set out with a determination to want his hands for yet of crime. He passed through the postels of the inco-studied gates into the outer world.

min. slok. Bosides, "Was yet the farr of discovery."

"Don't talk so behyish," sneared Mrs. Brown. "Here, take this, and come with ma!"

She gave him a drisk and took one harself. Then, putting the jewels back in the bag she bade Charles put on his has and carry the long for her to a person whom she knew was not above receiving stoken goods.

The values of the haul must have been very great for swen the unprincipled "kness" gave her \$1.200 for the "stated," made up the respectable some of \$1.336.

The dreary days of confinement rolled alowy by. But at itself he day of his release came round. He described the prison garb, and set out with a determination to wash his hands for yet of crime. He passed the parties of the prison garb, and est out with a determination to wash his hands for yet of crime. He passed spices into the outer work.

The fresh air blue could be determined.

The fresh air blue could be determined.

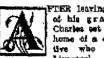
The fresh adverted the prison garb, and est out with a determination to wash his hands for yet of crime. He passed gates into the poster with a determination to wash his hands for yet of crime. He passed gates into the poster with a determination to wash his hands for yet of crime. He passed gates into the poster gath and the passed gates into the outer was the passed gates into the outer was the passed gates into the outer was a side of the result of the passed gates into the outer was the passed gates into the outer was a selection of the result of the passed gates into the outer was a side of the result of the passed gates into the outer was a selection to the outer was a selection to the course of crime. He passed gates into the outer was a selection to the outer with his hands for yet of crime. He passed gates into the outer was a selection to the interpolation to the adverted the prison gate.

The dreamy days of the day of his release came room with his hands for yet of crime. He passed gates into the outer was not above.

The dreamy days of the day of his release of the interpolation to the o



#### IN THE TOILS OF A DELILAH.



FEER leaving the bouse of his grandiather Charles pet out for the home of a distant relative who resided in

Liverpool. He was kindly received, and stayed for a considerable time with his friends, who as junior clerk in a pownbroker's

succeeded in getting him a situation as jupior clerk in a pownbroker's ghop.

Alter a time, an account of family circumstances, it became necessary that he should sake a Iregsh abode for himself, and the wits of hit employer recommended that he should take recommended that he should take. The widow in question was a woman of about twe-and-twenty years of age, whese husband had been an inspector of police. She possessed a planning appearance and considerable charm of manner, but was utterly uncerupione, and she so fraginated Charles that he became us plastic as wax in her hands.

A Money Familie.

#### A Money Familie.

A monty famine.

Like most of her type, the woman was dreadfully orthwaysgant. She was heavily in debt, and had also ied Charles into financial strains; for, as may be imagined the woman had him of his earnings pratty freely. They both began to scutchy feel the need of money.

may be imagned, the woman sea, aim of his earnings praky freely. They both begun to scutchy feel the need of money.

Mrs. Brown—for an we will call her—by means of her husband's vocation had become inmilier with talk concerning buggarias and housebreakings, and also with the scriminal class. But the six which were considered to be good game by the extrainal class. But also knew the various beats and times connected with the nightly watchings of the police.

This knowledge gave her an idea. "Charles," she said one evening. "I want movey!"

"Do you!" he replied. "Se do I."

"I know where you can got some for the both of as."

"Where?" he asked.

She then outlined a proposal for the robbing of a jeweller's shop that fairly staggered him by its sudadity.

The jeweller's shop was situated in one of the principal streets of Liverpool, and was absolutely hurgisr-proof at the front. Mrs. Brown had, however, maturied a plan which contained the slammate of success. She had overheard her late husband, when discussing with a brother officer how certain egablishments in the city could be succeed by burglars, describe a method of entry plus this particular jeweiler's shop. In brief, the plan was to pass through a publish-loones which adjoined the shop, into the back yard, then scale a dividing wall, and drop into the yard stached to the jeweiler's promises. "The rest," she said, "is easy."

Charles had his doubles, and said so, But the Power had all sign.

promises. "The rest," she said. "Is easy."
Charles had his doubts, and said so.
But Mrs. Brown brushed all difficuttles saids. She peshed him up to
making the mooseary preparations,
accompanied him to the public-house,
fortified him with a still drink, and
then lannehed him upon a career of
oring that was to bring him to the
loot of the gallows.

Beader, "When sinners entire thee,
poussni then not."

pelated hands would allow him, when a cat, which had been sitting on a window-ledge close at hand, sprang of, and knocked over a pail in her

off, and smoother almost parelysed him.
The elaster almost parelysed him.
Odd sweat cored out of every pore in
his body; his heir stood on end, and
he turned to fies. Thus doth "ourmience make covereds of to all."
Equally alarmed, the cat jumped
over the wall.

cover the wall.

Charles anathematised poor kitty—
and himself.

He returned to his teak, and ultimately got out the panel.

Then he removed his boots and crept through the sportains thus mede.
A splinter of wood from the foot pieroed his took. He could have acreamed with pain, but with an effect suppressed his footings.

What a poise his breathing made!
Someone closed a door. He turned sick; isit isint, and was powerless to move.

Silence again reigned. He recovered



The Arrest at the Prison Gats.

She thus secured evidence that was nitimately to land Charles, in a partil settlement.
"Not another such "job" for me!" said Charles. "hifs is not worth it. The dispicacle have not yet been taken out of the mins that would tempt me to go through such an experience again."

The strain upon his parses had made him, sick. Besides, partil was yet the fear of discovery.
"Don't talk so behyleh," sneared



EDITOR'S HOTE,-Is there anything on this page for you? If not, write and tall us your difficulty and we will advise to the hest of our knewledge. We cannot, however, under-take to answer every question, for there is a large variety of cranks in the world, and some may have even found their way into Canada; but reseemble questions relating to the saul, or social life of our readers we shall be happy to submit to our ad-visors and publish their counsel on this page.

### 4 Cookery Mints. 4

Apple Scuffle.—Bake six large tart apples until tondar, scrape out the pulp, and beat until smooth, add one labespoon of sugar to each apple, the grated rind of one lemon and the juice of two. Beat the whites of three eggs stiff, and add the apple pulp, sugar, and lemm, stirring lightly. Pour line a buttered pudding-flish, and bake in the oven about filtern minutes. Serve at once warm with erram or a hard scace.

eream or a hard sneed.

Line a shallow baking dish with pull paste or ordinary pie crust, and fill with the following mixture: Staw or steam four large turt apples until pulpy, then add half a cup of rolled cracker crumbs, the yolks of two aggs, wall heaten, butter the size of an egg, one cup of milk, a little grated lemon peed, one-half cup of sugar. Bake three-fourths of an hour and then miske a maringue for the top of the whites of two eggs beaten shift, and two apoons of sugar. Brown slightly, Coddled Apples.—Peel, but do not

two spoons of sugar. Brown slightly, Coddied Apples.—Peel, but do not core, a down text apples of an owen stre. Be careful to leave the stem on or whick a clove in each. Place in a large stempun, and place a slice of leman on each apple. Kenry cover the apples with cold water and a large out of sagar. Cover the pun tightly, and let them simmer over a slow fire until soft, but not so they will come to pieces. When tender lift carefully into a glass dish and pour the juice over them. When ready to serve pour whipped cresses over them.

whisped cream over them.

Petate Salad.—Boli six good-tied potatoes in their jackets. While they are belling make a French dressing and said to it a good-tied grated order. When the putatoes are done and dry ped and slice them while het tate the French dressing. Tous gardly, so that each piece may be covered with the dressing, and stand them nway to cool. When rendy to savve dish on a cold platter, garnish with chopped pickled beets and finely-chopped parally.

Apple Charlette.—Six large apples, one-half box of gelakine, one pint of gream, sugar to taste. Pare and steam

apples until tender, then press through a colunder and add sugar. Cover golatine with cold water and such that an hour, then add two hot apples, stirring until dissolved. Pour this into a basin, stand the basin in a pan of ice water and stir continually until it begins to thicken, then add quickly and carefully the cream, which has been whipped. Turn into a mould and stand on ice.

mould and stand on ice.

Gels-Blaw-Slave one good solid head of cabbage or enough to make a quart. Throw this into cold water and sout it for at least one hour-longer will do it no harm. Best one agg without separating, and add half a dup of thick, sour cream. Blir this over the fire until slightly thick. Take from the fire, and when cool add the futer of a lemon or two tablespoonfuls of vinegar, half a tasspoonful of salt, and a dash of pepper. Drain the cabbage, put it in a towel and wring until dry. Mix it with dressing and sarve.

### Health Hints.

Pimples.—For breaking out on the lips and patches of enterns, apply glycerine and sulphur mixed to the consistency of cintment. At the same time it is well to take barm and tracks for three mornings following. Mix the barm in the proportion of one part to two of treacle. Leave it off for three mornings, and then take another course.

Deep Breathing.—"Enough cannot be said of full, deep breathing," observes the Oltrago Circle. "It is no lookey or wild notion, but if you would prove its benefits, practice it daily, and you will increase your circulation, purify the blood, and send it rich and the transfer but start at the width line. purity the blood, and send it rich and not to warm the feet, make ruddy lips, and plant roses on your cheeks. It will nid your digestion and give you a clean, sweet breath, promote sleep, quiet the nervous system, strengthen the throat and vocal organs, and increase the chest especity. It will also case your astima, catarth, and homebitis, and prevent lung trouble."

care your astrone, catery, sind brombies."

Shield Your Nerves and don't let them become too senative. Make yourself take life calmly. If you lose a train don't pace the platform wildly, but inquire when the next comes in, and sit down calmly to wait for it. That's just what most women con't do; they sit down perhaps, but they tap the floor with their lest clinch and unclinch their hands, and are apparently in a fever heat of excitement over the arrival of every rain that comes in, even though they have been assaured that theirs is not due for another half hour. That half liour of waiting means to them a frightful wear and tear of iterees, and they are pencifically weaks close for it. Try to caltivate animness, but if you cannot do that all at once you can

#### + Care of Children. +

We shall be pleased to receive questions connected with the care and training of little ones. Will methers who are in difficulty with their children write us? Address, Editor, War Cry, Albert St., Toronto.

Ory, Albert St., Toronto.

We have a little boy eleven months of age. Enquantly at night he cries and is not content until taken up and rocked to sleep. Do we do right in thus humoring him? Would any injusy result if he were left to cry? He is perfectly strong and healthy.

If the boy is beattley and properly lim to continue this had hebit. Let him cry it out one or two nights and he will soon outgrow the hebit. He will soon outgrow the hebit will not harm him to cry.

How long will it be helore I can expect my six-mounths-and haby to walk?

Beddes generally begin to walk when

Babies generally begin to walk when shout our year old, and they can walk alone very well by the time they are fifteen or sightian months old. They differ considerably, however, in this

fifteen or eightsen months old. They differ considerably, however, in this respect.

I have a beay fifteen months old who has been ind nothing but milk. She has ten teeth. Will you tell me when she should be given other food, and what it sheeld be?

The child should have other tood at mos, for she is far too old for an exclusive milk diet. Give her well-cooked careals, broths, acti-boiled aggs, and fruit juices. Begin with only, a small smount of each new article and gradually work up to more. Can you tell me what to do for work you have not been for two years on her tirst finger, and now a tiny one has appeared on the side of her hand.

Have the druggist put you up the following: One checkm of salicylic sold, one drechm of lactic acid, and two denotms of faxible callodien, all well mixed, and apoly this to the wark what is a decorate.

well mixed, and apply this to the wark night and morning. It my more ap-pear take the child to a doctor, as she may need a tonic or some other treat-ment which cannot be given without an examination.

### & Cottage Carden. &

How to Kasp Roots for Winter Use.—Alt roots should be as fresh and julcy after being stored for the winter is when they were taken from the ground. There are three practical mathods of storage: 1—Burying in the saret. 2—Heaping on the cellar floor. 3—Boxing them in earns.

Whichever way you store you must see that light is excluded or the vegetables will grow, and that the roots are protected from intense cold. For storing on the cellar floor, first put sait hay on the floor. Heap the roots in a pyramid-shaped pile of convenient size for getting it on the hay.

Cover the pile with earth, which will also fill the spaces between the roots. A final covering of hey over the earth to the depth of two or three inches makes all sings for the approach of earthy winter's cold. As the weather gets more severe, add more and more hay to prevent freezing.

Bests will keep only it buried in the earth. They rot very quickly. Bests planted the end of July, allowed to grow to about the size of a ben's egg, then lifted and buried in the ground will keep fullly well, but even the chances are that they will less much of their sweetness and become woody. Bests must be handled very catefully to prevent them from bleeding. Out the top leaves off, but not the choses, about two inches from the root. The rootlets must only be shortened not out off. Beingh handling will break the skin and cause bleeding. If the bests lose their color they are not nearly so attinctive.

Carrots will not stand early freet, so they must be lifted and the leaves out off. Do not whake the earth off as they are not marry so attinctive.

Calcade must have all the leaves out its must be lifted and in leaves but the top ones taken off. If the top cases are removed the plant will devote its energies to making more, and so the quality will description.

Paramips are actually improved by a touch of freet. They can be left in the ground all winter.

In making your plants for the storage of your roots for the winter try to so manages that you have a sufficient supply for six months. Do not have to go on "short commone" or without any for two or three weaks in the apring while waiting for the fresh ore, to maker, latter have too many, than too few.

orop to matur them too few.

### Handy Mints.

Stained Table Lines.—Table lines that has been stained with ink should be at once sealed in milk, and then the stains will come out with washing.

To Clear Black Clath, Mix one part of liquid amanous with three parts of bolling water, apply with a sponge and ring out with bolling

Yollow Ivery -- Ivery that has been

Yellow lyary.—Lyory that has been spotted, or has grown yellow; can be made as alear and fresh as new by laving it exposed to the light. Lyory, should never be covered.

Wet Blankets.—When hanging wet blankets or white spreads on the line to dry, but a small square of white cloth under each clother-pin to make sure there will be no stain from a maky pin.

sure there will be no stain from a rusty pin.

To Prevent Cake from Sticking to the when baked, first grease time, then flour them, lightly beating out all loses flour, leaving only what clings to the grease, thus doing away with the old form of linking with paper.

### Asked and Answered,

This department is established for dualing more particularly with spiritual matters, and those things that belong to suddership in the Balvation Army. If you are in doubt about anything, ask the

J. H. You are confusing Articles of War with Candidates' Forms, Boldists of the Army have no papers to sign relating to marriage. A Candidate that is, a person who gives illusted to the Raluntion Army for officerahip—promises that he will not will for three years atter enting the Training Home, and then his engagement much be sub-

mitted to his superior officers. The latter, by the way, would never dream of interioring with a suitable marriage. I suppose you are aware that many non-comformulat ministers are prescribed a similar waiting time, only in the filter case it is longer than in the Salvation Afray. These arrangements are not made without reason.

As to remaining in the Anny until you did, you have overlooked the fact that the pledge is worded: "It is my intention." That means it is your present wish and purpose; no more.

S. Is wearing of uniform anything.

S. Is wearing of uniform enything, more than sentiment?

The usefulness of the uniform is infinitely greater than can be imagined, the points you out everywhere as willing to belp the helpless and save the lost.

If you give your facilings over to God about it, you will soon weer uni-torm as a privilege rather than a orass, because it will create so many opportunities for helping others.

M. A. H. When preparing temperance lessons, I aften wonder at Jesus' first miracle, which was that of temperance wines can you give me any enlightenment?

ms any enlightenment?

It is well to remember that at the films when Christ was upon earth there was no "temperance question." It was not a contexted point as to whether one should or should not take the juice of the grape as a beverage. This question arose through inter Christians recognizing the abuse of what was as common an arisine of dist. The temperance of the grape is a beverage. The question arose through intercept the property of the

why the Master should not have in-creased their supply. Had He chosen one of these later centuries in which to appear. His work and teaching would have been exactly accommo-dated to the times in which we live. He illustrated from His own day and generation, humanly speaking, just as we do to-day.

## Promoted to Glory.

PATIENT IN SUFFERING.

Mrs. Ispac Summers, of Summerside.

On Thursday, Oct. Hill, our sister passed away to be with Jesus.

Blee had suffered much from heart disease, but bore it all very patiently, and was never known to maintain. We gave ber an Army funeral of Betarday, in accordance with her de-

tires.

Cupt. Hobb conducted a service at the mouse, and Capt. Muttart officialed at the graveside. The following Sonday evening a memorial service was held, and many wowed to meet our departed pletsy in heaven.—A. Wilson.

## A WELL-TRIED WARRIOR.

A WELL-TRIED WARRIOR.

Mother Dea, of Sarnis.

All unexpectedly the summons come to Mother, and she passed away at her home do Oct. 19th after a short spell of sickness.

Mother Coe was born in Bedford, and her pasents thing godly people, the was led to seek the Lord when quite young. It was at Disabet where she Bist cause in contact with the Army. That was eighteen years ago, and after being enrolled by Brigadiar Reed she remained a faithful and loyal tions were held by her, such as Secretary. Tracaure, and J. S. B.-M., and she took an active part in the war till lit health caused her to remain more at home.

In 1903 the jamily removed to Sarnis.

at home.

In 1903 the family removed to Samla, where, though unable to attend namy metings, her whole heart was filled, with desirn for the salvation of air-

ners.
She leaves a husband and air ohil-fren to mourn their loss. May God comfort them in their hour of deep

sorrow.

The funeral was largely attended and many beautiful fioral tributes covered the coffin, a slight reminder of the estern in which she was held by all.

On the following Sunday a mamorial service was held in the S. A. hall, thuring which many soldiers spoke of the godly life of our comrade.—O. Nicol.

## SAFE IN THE ARMS OF JESUS.

Safe in the arms of jestis.

Sister Miller, of Galt.

Death bug claimed our sister, who was an earnest worker and faithful soldier for Christ.

Although not strong hodily for the past twelve years, yet also sever alleged a meeting if it was at all possible for her to be there. She always attended knee-drill, and has often halped young converts stong by her good advice and holy living.

Whilst lying ill also olden requested visitors to sing to her, and would try to join in as well as she was able.

The last time we saw her alive we sang "Jesus, lover of my soul," and as yet failed she said. "Sing 'There gave ninely and nine."

In the midst of her pois the did not forget the poor sinners, but prayed that God would bring them home. Those who stemled her said also never marminged or complained, but was always cheerful in thinking of others. Her last testimony was "Safe in the arms of Jesus."

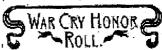
Her last is testimony was "Safe in the arms of Jesus."

Blue was laid to reat last Suturday attendors, but we fait we were not leaving has in the oold earth, but also was almost those who had come out of great tribulation and had weshed their robus and made them white in the blood of the Lamb.

The memorial acryice on Sunday might was a most impressive on.

Capt. Andrew spoke from the text, "There is but a step between me and the grave."

At the close of the service three smalls sought hirs. Miller's Saveour.—Capt.



East Ontario Provinca. 43 Boomers.
P. S. M. MULCAHY, Montreal 1, 278
Mrs. Besign Coy, Balleville .... 158
Bergt. Armatrong, Montreal I. 149
Mrs. Capt. Battrick, Pembroks ... 150
B. M. Rogers, Montreal IV. .... 138

# → THE WAR CRY ← CHRISTMAS NUMBER

#### FOR 1906

AMONGST OTHER GOOD THINGS WILL CONTAIN SEASONABLE ARTICLES BY

## THE COMMISSIONER

### THE CHIEF SECRETARY.

#### LULUNOBELIA

is the name of a Hereine of a Christman Story, the scene of which is laid in the Kreek-dotted Piains of Zujuland. As her name implies Lulumabajia is a dusky plantal who gets converted in a Salvation Army meeting and is subjected to great persecution, brought about by the juglecay of the other wives who belong to the same savage Chieftain. The story is brimful of local color and Zulu customs. That it will be road with great interest there is no doubt. The article is profusely lilustrated,

#### PRESENT-DAY BETHLEHEM.

By COMMISSIONER HICOL, the gifted head of the International Literary Department, is a most resonable and interesting paper. It will be remembered that the Commissioner accompanied THE GEN-ERAL on the visit to the Holy Land. He has given us his impression of the place that will ever be closely asseclated with the biased season we shall shortly be calebrating.

> "More things are wrought by prayer Than this world dreams of,"

The post makes King Arthur say before that mythical personage set out for Avilon.

#### MRS. BLANCHE JOHNSON

Contributes a Page of Answered Prayers, which surely should confirm faith in God on the part of all who read,

#### "THE BANG OF A CRACKER."

is the title of a hearbetireing aflegory which will especially appeal to percents.

#### "IN PRISON AND YE CAME UNTO ME."

In mother of the articles. It describes a visit to a prisen in company with our prison surface amongst incorcorated woman, and will be of great interest.

#### FRITZ'S CHRISTMAS TREE

in a charming child story.

### A KLONDIKE CHRISTMAS STORY.

#### "LARST CHRISTMAS;"

Or, "THE DEATH OF THE COSTER'S CHILD," is a pathotic point in the East End of London district.

There will also be A STIRRING OHAPTER of the serial story that is new running through our pages.

Those Itame are part of the contents of the escoullant lies we shall be enabled to put before our renders in the OHRISTMAN NUMBER.

	_
ntiel Fraser, Montreal V	101
out. Morear, Smith's Falls	100
cut. Stremlaw, Breckellia	100
apt. Charrimeton, Campbellford.	100
cut. Muir, Camphibillord	100
90 and Over-Capit. Osmand,	Port
one.	

Hope.

30 and Over.—Serpt, Wright, Kingston; Sorpt. Churp, Pietre.

To and Over.—Capt. Fuetaid. Capt. Middowl. Caricton. Flace; Adjt. Wignins, Peterboro.

40 and Over.—Capt. Forbus, Sherbriolo; Ensign Gumanidge, Cornwall; Capt. Smill., Mrs. Smith, Ottura II.; Lont. Torrence, Cobourg; Mrs. Ensign Readlanty, Picton; Capt. Miller, Morstisburg.

Bradiner, Picton; Capt. Miller, Mor-risburg.

59 and Over, Sergt. Coty, Bergt. Mornan, Sergt. Kidd, Sergt. Massey, Sergt. Brown, Lieut. Gartlan, Kings-ton; Lieut. Hedberg, Sheebrooke; P. S.M. Fraser, Montreal V.; Capt. McPadden, Lieut. Morris, Trenton; Lieut. Trimeer, Iroquois; Captain; Thompson, Scrittis Falls; Fred Armatrong, Cornwall; Lieut. Milholson, Capt. Liddell, Mapunes; Sigter Cunningiam, Sister Maker, Histor Rose, Backett, Montreal I.; P. S.-M. Stevenson, Feterbore; Capt. Ash, Francott, Wast Ontarie Pravince.

25 Boomers.	
P. SM. MRS. WARD, London 235	
Mrs. Tuit, Chutham 236	
Mrs. Copt. Clinausmith, Sarpia . 185	
Capt, Warren, Dreaden 100	
Mrs. Stratford, Stratford 100	
Mrs. Capt. McLead, Strathrov 100	
Mrs. Capt. Morritt, Woodstock 100	ŧ
Siller Robertson, Goderich 100	ŧ
Bister Blackwell, Petrolia 130	١
bira Adjt Knight, St. Thomas . 100	
ACIE, Existent, St. Ricomas 4 *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
Treas, Wait, Bidgetown 100	
Capt. Thompson, Learnington, 20	
Capa, Cressman, Windsor, 80; Mrs.	•
Sharpey Forest 75; Lieut. Weldroff,	٠
Bolhwell, 65; Lieut. Cumningham.	
Wallaceburg, 55; Staff-Capt. Goodwin	Ć
Windson, 00; Capt. Kitchen, Wallace borg, 80; Lieut. Simpson, Sectorth, 56	•
50 Coples.—Stella Teggart, Windsor	:
Capt. Woods, Seaforth ; Mrs. Jooss	
Mrs. Bertrand, Kingsville; Mrs. Eu	•
sign Hancock, Stratford.	•
RIGHT COMMERCIA, DILEMANDELL	

Newfounding Province,
Newfounding Province,
12 Boomers,
SERGT, PYNN, St. Jehn's 1...... 258
Cadet Caines, St. John's 1...... 102
J. S. B.-M. Gillingham, Twillingute,

55.
Under 50.—Lient. Tilley, Sergt. Har-ria, Bergt. Whitten, St. John's Lj Lieut. Tucker, Cadot Fowker, Cadet Feach, Cadet Ash. Cadet White, St., John's II.; Sergt. J. Inkpen, Burio.

John's II.; Sergt, J. Inkpen, Burto.

Training Home Provinces.

18 Boomers.

SERGY. MRS. COWIE, Tample... 200
Sergt, Mrs. Moore, Riverdale...... 125
F. S. M. Rice, Tample, 151 Lieut.
Thompson, Vorkville, 69; Lieut.
Hibbs, Eriher St., 60.
Licet. Haron, Parliament Sh.; Sergt. F.
Boue Anderson, Riverdale; Sergt. F.
Rowserds, Sergt. Lixie Brodley, Temple: Capt. Magwood, Brother Peliott,
Toronio Junction.

Punite Prawings.

Pusific Province.

## TERRITORIAL FINANCIAL

Easiarn Province, Capt. Cavender.—
Charlottetown, Nov. 23-25; Summerside, Nov. 23; Autherst. Nov. 27, 28;
Springfill, Nov. 29, 30; Partsboro, Dea.
1, 2; Moncton, Dec. 3; Campbellion,
Dec. 46; Newcantle, Dec. 7; Fredgrieton, Dec. 8, 3; Weedwock, Dec. 19;
St. Stephan, Dec. 11, 12; St. John V.
Dec. 18; St. John II., Dec. 18; St. John V.
Dec. 18; St. John III., Dec. 29;
St. John II., Dec. 22; 28.

Wastern Province, Ensign Edwards,
Gedariols, Mov. 23-28; Cliston, Nov.
25; Wingham, Nov. 27, 28; Listowal,
Nov. 28, 20; Palmaratos, Duc. 1-3.
East Outsels Province, Captain: HiHurd.—Part Hope, Nov. 28-26;
Dec. 1-3; Deserouto, Duc. 4, 5; Floton,
Dec. 1-3; Deserouto, Duc. 4, 5; Floton,
Dec. 1-3; Palmaraton, Dec. 19, 13; Gananoque, Dec. 16, 18; Incatavilla, Dec.
17, 18; Presecti, Dec. 19, 17; Incatavilla,
Dec. 20; Morrisburg, Dec. 21; Ircquedi;
Dec. 20; Morrisburg, Lea. 21; Ircquedi;
Dec. 20; Morrisburg, Ircquedi;
Dec. 20; Morrisburg, Lea. 21; Ircquedi;
Dec. 21; Ircquedi;
D

## Tissing. 🗝

To Parenta, Relations and Friends

priential, Refeitions used fremens have yet of the placker of the such for entitive previous in early seat of the placker of the such for early possible, shall windows when an extendible of the such for early provided, and, and the superior formers and such of Alleria Special Free and such of Alleria Special Free and such of Alleria Special Free and such of the such as a su

#### (Pirst Insertion.)

5649. GRANTHAM, WALTER ED-WARD, Ago 31, height 5ft. 5in. Been missing six years. When last heard of was a miner in the gold mines at Rainy River. Mother very anxious about him. News wanted.

5688. ACKROYD, DANIEL. Age 74, height 5ft din., grey hair. Missing twenty years. Last known address, Toronto.

5851. LEESE, WM. Age 38, height 5ft. 10in., dark brown hair, grey eyes, dark complexion. Missing ten years. Wife freely forgives all. Write.



5656. LIAMS, FRED-ERICK. Age 22, height 5ft. 1lin., dark hair. Nows as to his present whereabouts urg-ently wanted in Toronto. (See photo.) American Cry please copy.

5654. HARRINGTON, JOHN WM. Married, age 20, brown hair and eyes, medium haight and complexion, nervous twitching of the mouth. Missing two years and two months. News

wanted,
5855. WARDLE, JOHN. Formerly
drum-major in the 47th Regiment.
Left that in 1864-63; was then in
Kingston. Supposed to have gone
after that to Montreal to work on the
railway. Missing forty-two years.
Has married an American. Newswanted.

5653. LANCASTER, ALICE ANN and GEORGE ABBOTT, also a girl of 15, the daughter of Mrs. A. A. Lancaster. Left England August 17th, for Montreal. News wanted as to their present whereabouts.

5022. TAYLOR, CHAS., alias E. E. Aines. Came to this country in Marchast. When last heard of was in Strathcons, Alta., June, '66. News

5453. NICKLES, FLORENCE. Last heard of in April, '06. Was then liv-ing at 6653 Forestville Ave., Chicago, Ill., U.S.A. News wanted. American Cry please copy.

(Second Insertion.)

5651. BEATON, HUGH. Last known address, Bracebridge, Ontario. Had a mill there. Friends anxious to know of his whereabouts.

Anow of his whereabouts.

5628. McRAE, MRS. If alive will be about 65 years old, grey hair, medium height. Last heard of about fifteen years ago. May be around Hamilton, Ont. Came out from Burghear, Scotland. Friends enquire, and wish to know if alive or dead.

show H alive or dead.

5589. RUMOHR, MRS. C., alias Hattic Snider. Age 21, height 5ft, 7in., dark hair, grey eyes, round face, broad forehead. Ran away from Toronto in company with another woman. May have gone to Detroit. News urgently wanted.

5646. WATKINS, EDWARD. Came to Canada in December, 1905. Last known address, Fairmand P. O., Wa-pella, Sask. May be on a farm. Ag-27, short, iair hair, blue eyes. Nows wanted.

wanted.

6848: COCKOROFT, BURGESS.

When last heard of was traveling with
the Greater Norris & Rowe Circus.

Was in Moose Jaw June 30th, '68.

May be going by the name of English.

Has gained several prizes for weightlitting. Age 31, height 5ft. 3in. black
hair, hazel eyes, fresh complexion,
slightly bald. His poor old mother
enquires. enquires.

6047. KINNEAR, JOHN. Last heard of last May; was then in Mont-real. Age 31, height 5ft. lin., black hair, dark brown eyes, sallow com-plarion, "New urgently wanted.

5048, ANDERSEN, HERMAN FERD. NAND, Medium height. Missing four years; was then in British Columbia. Family enquires.

## \* SALVATION SONGS. \*

#### Salvation.

Tunes.—The Blast of the Trumpet (N.B.B. 188); Hallelujah, Tis Done (N.B.B. 193).

The blast of the trumpet, So loud and so shrill, Will shortly re-echo O'er ocsan and hill.

When the mighty, mighty, mighty trump sounds, "Come, come away?"
Oh, may we be ready on that great day.

The earth and the waters Shall yield up their dead, and the saved ones with joy will Awake from their bed.

The ahouts of the angels
Will burst from the skies,
And blend with the shouts of
The saints as they rise.

ies.—Marcy Still for Thee (N.B.B. 49); Haster Away to Jesus (N.B.B. 49); Haste Away to Jesus (N.B.B.

20); Hatte Away to Jesus (N.B.S.
2 Of Jesus' loving lace,
In darkness living all the while,
Rejecting offered grace;
To thee Jehovsh's voice doth-sound,
Thy and He waits to free;
Thy Sayiour hath a ransom found,
There's mercy still for thee.

There's mercy still for thee, etc.

For thes, though sunk in deep despair, Thy Saviour's blood was shed; He for thy sins was as a lumb To cruel slaughter led, That thou mayst find, poor sin-sick

sonl. A pardon full and free; What boundless grace, what wondrous

There's mercy still for thee.

#### Experience.

Tune.-Poor Old Joe (N.B.B. 179).

6 Gone are the days of wretchedness and sin.
Gone are the days of conflicts fierce within;
Gone far away, no more my soul to

know

My Saviour's blood my heart is keep-ing white as snow.

I'm happy, I'm happy, For with Jesus now I live, And constant peace and joy and com-He doth give.

Gone are the days when a Saviour's love I spurned; Gone are the times when from Cal-vary's scene I turned; Gone, to be brought against me never-

more! My Saviour's blood has bought my pardon—sale and sure.

Tone.—Down Where the Living (N.B.B. 224).

7 O happy, happy day,
When old things passed away,
Down where the Saviour died for me!
I lelt my ains forgiven,
And got a sight of heaven; There, where the Saviour died for me.

Chorus.

There, where the Saviour died for me. There, where the Saviour died for me. I saw the cleaning flow,
It washes white as snow,
There, where the Saviour died for me.

I laid my burden down
And started for the crown;
There, where the Saviour died for me.
My chains are broke at last,
My sins behind Him cast,
There, where the Saviour died for me.

#### How Tasteless and Tedious.

Tunes.—Thou Shepherd of Israel (N. B.B. 111); The Cross Now Covers (N.B.B. 112).

8 How tasteless and tedious the hours

When Jesus no longer I see;
Sweet prospects, awest birds, and
sweet flowers
Have lost all their sweetness to me.
The midsummer sun shines but dim,
The fields strive in vain te look gay;
But when I am happy in Him,
December's as pleasant as May.

His name yields the richest perfume, And sweeter than music His voice— His presence disperses my gloom, And makes all within me rejoice. I should, were He always thus nigh, Have nothing to wish, or to fear; No mortal so happy as I— My summer would last all the year.

### Plan of Western and British Columbia

## FALL COUNCILS

## THE TOUR OF Commissioner Mrs. Coombs.

WINNIPEG.

THURSDAY, Nov. 22. - Conversaxions and Welcome in Cit-

FRIDAY, Nov. 23.-Councils all day,

SATURDAY, Nov. 24. - Soldiers' Council in Citadel at # p.m.

SUNDAY, Nov. 25,-II a.m., Hollness Meeting in Citadel. 3 and p. m., Deminion Theatre. "Shadows of the Caoss" at night.

BRANDON.

MONDAY, Nov. 25,-S. A. Bar-racks, "Shadows of the Cross."

REGINA:

TUESDAY, Nov. 27. - Knox Church. Welcome Meeting.

EDMONTON.

THURSDAY, Nov. 29.-First Presbyterian Church. Walcome Meeting.

CALGARY.

FRIDAY, Noc. 30, - Methodist Church. "Shadows of the Orose."

NEW WESTMINSTER.

SUNDAY, Dec. 2.—3 p.m., Meth-edist Church.

VANCOUVER.

SUNDAY, Dec. 2.-7 p.m., "Shandows of the Cross."

MONDAY, Dec. S .- Officers' Councils, morning. Opening New Hospital, afternoon. gration lecture at night in City Hall.

TUESDAY, Dec. 4. - Councile, morning. Victoria at night.

REVELSTOKE.

FRIDAY; Dec. 7 .- Welcome Meeting.

NELSON.

SUNDAY, Dec. 9 .- Opera House, "Shadows of the Gross" at night.

FERNIE:

MONDAY, Dec. ID .- Opera House. Welcome Meeting.

Lisut-Colonel Pugmire and Adjt. A. Morris will accompany the Commissioner and Mrs. Coombs.

## **HOLINESS CAMPAIGN**

The Special Series of Thursday, Holiness Meatings in cannection with the Campaign at the Tample will be conducted by the following Isaders:—

ounducted by the 10mm.
Nevember 22—Brigadier Taylor.
Nevember 29—Brigadier Howell.
December 8—Colonel Kyla.
December 13—Brigadier Collier.
December 29—COMMISSIONER
COOMBS.

BRIGADIER SOUTHALL

will visit.

MONTREAL I. Sunday Nov. 25

Bi John I. ..... Tuesday, Nov. 27

Makes you feel the need of Good, Warm Clothing. We have had an unusual run on

## OVERCOATINGS

During the past few weeks. We shall be glad to send Samples and Prices to any address; also of inimitable Suit-

### A Creat Chance for Pants

By a mistake in an order sent to England, we received a place of cloth not in our regular lines. It is guarenteed for color, and will wear spiendidly, only not quite as fine finish as lines we carry. Our mistake is your opportunity to get a pair of good wearing pants for

\$3,50

Samples sent on application. Orders filled as received. Act quickly if you want to get the benefit of this chance. same.

## SOMETHING DOING I

You would think so if you saw the Twenty Large Cases of Goods piled up, which we have received from England within a few days.

These centain, among other things:

Ladies' Bonnets and Hats, Serges, Dress Coods, etc.

NOTE -- Our New Price List will shortly be ready, which will contain prices of all lines of goods, . Those desiring to get suitable presents for Christmas should sand for a copy, and make their choice early. Last yearle over 87,000 increase over the previous year in the Merchandles Section alone, demonstrates the continued interest in our trade. We expect to do a big business this Christmas Sesson, and It would be better for our patrons and ourselves if they would order sarly. Ws will give prompt attention to the

THE TRADE SECRETARY, S. A. TEMPLE, TORONTO.